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April 1975

#### **ARTICLES**

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#### **FEATURES**

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ABOUT OUR COYER

Partially restored remains of the synagogue at Capemaum. This structure is believed to be built on the original site of the synagogue in which lesus preached. For an account of a recent trip to the Mideast made by several GN staffers, see page 16.

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## **SEVEN PROOFS OF GOD'S CHURCH**

plained one in violent disagreement — only leaving the organization! I'll dways remain solidly in God's Church, but I must repudiate the organization!"

But is organization — even of God's own Church evil?

Can one withdraw from any active participation in the "organization" that is God's true Church—which is performing the Work of God by the power of His Spirit, fulfilling the Great Commission Jesus Christ gave His true disciples—and yet, somehow, "be in" the Church?

Let's see what, the Bible clearly says, not using our own human reasoning, but searching the Scriptures to learn what the Great Almighty God, and His Son, Jesus

Christ of Nazareth, say, about it.

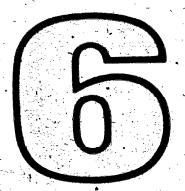
Millions reason they are somehow in God's true "Church" no matter 'what denomination, sect,

cult. political organization, social club or business affiliation they maintain. Millions like to believe that "most" all churches have "mostly good points," but, naturally have "some points on which they might disagree." But "does this really matter, after all?" some reason. "Surely, since they believe in Christ, and in His 'atoning work.' they wall get to heaven anyway, 'won't they?"

#### What is the "Church"?

Because of the false teaching, resulting from a completely misunderstood statement of Jesus Christ concerning the Kingdom of God, literally millions assume the "church" is a completely disjointed, loosely disconnected, ethereal, vague, nebulous, imaginary "some thing" that is "within" you!

Many assume that, collectively, the true Church (all those they assume are going to "heaven") mightinclude "members" of literally doz**PROOF** 



# GOD'S RUE CHURCH IS ORGANIZED!

by Garner Tet Armstrong

Why "organization"? Isn't there something inherently evil in being "organized"? What is the Church? Why a "church"? Is the Church which Jesus built only a loosely connected, disorganized, autonomous group of local "churches"— or is it, according to the Bible, an organization?

ens of "churches" of this world; denominations of all sorts. Whether liberal-minded Catholics actually believe any Protestants will "go to heaven" without ever becoming a Catholic is a most point; but, it seems, many a professing Protestant Christian is willing to concede that millions of other Protestants (and perhaps even a few Catholics), though they disagree on many major points and belong to vastly different organizations, will eventually enter the "Beatific vision."

But is all this reasoning true?

And, even if millions might "think" it is — does that make it so? Is the true Church of God, the Church Jesus said He would build, just an "imaginary" body of "believers" who have no connection with each other, or any specifically organized group? May one "be in" the true Church of God, bearing fruit, fulfilling Christ's commands, carrying out His commission, without being a living, active member of an organization?

Let's see!

said (Matt. 16:18). The Greek word for "church" in this passage is ekklesia which can mean "called-out ones," or "specially chosen ones," or "body of believers"! It

is a word which connotes "group," "body." "congregation" — a group of people! Through transmission of the Bible text into other languages, and especially resulting from the commonly misunderstood usage of the English word "church," the true meaning of what Jesus so plainly said has been lost from sight!

Today, a "church" is a "building," as often as it is a "group." The "Methodist Church" could be either a building, on the corner, or the group of people who are called "Methodist" as an organization!

Jesus didn't imply He would build a building when He said, "I will build my ekklesia." He meant exactly what He said: He would construct, knit solidly together, consecrate, organize and commission His group!

#### Jesus — The Living Head

That passage of Matthew's leth chapter is only understood by careful comparison with many other

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scriptures, which make it clear that the "Rock" (Greek, *Pétra*) to which Jesus referred was Himself, and the "pebble" (Greek, *petros*) was Peter. Jesus is plainly called "that Rock" (I Cor. 10:4) which 'followed the Israelites in the wilderness, and the Rock of our salvation (Deut. 32; Psalm 18:2, 31, 46; Psalm 31:2, 3).

Paul says Christ, not any human being, is the living Head of His Church (Eph. 1:20-23; 4:15). "And he is before all things, and by him all things consist. And he is the head of the body, the church: who is the beginning, the firstborn from the dead; that in all things he might have the preeminence" (Col. 1:17, 18). He, not any man, is called the Head of the Body (the Church) and the "chief corner stone" (Col. 2:10. 17; Eph. 2:20).

Da id said: "The stone which the builders refused is become the head stone of the corner" (Ps. 118:22). Peter referred to this scripture, saying: "Wherefore also it is contained in the scripture, Behold, I lay in Sion a chief corner stone, elect, precious: and he that believeth on him shall not be confounded. Unto you therefore which believe he is precious: but unto them which be disobedient, the stone which the builders disallowed, the same is made the head of the corner..." (I Pet. 2:6-8).

Christ is called, at once, the "head," the "head of the corner," and the "chief corner stone," as well as the "capstone."

"... Behold, I lay in Zion for a foundation a stone, a tried stone, a precious corner stone, a sure foundation..." (Isa. 28:16). Never did God the Father or Jesus Christ intend turning leadership of the Church over to men! Jesus Christ said, "Lo, I am with you always" in commissioning His disciples!

He, Christ, is the living, active, Head of His Church, just as He'has always been!

#### An Organized Body

It is not an analogy of men to refer to Christ's group of "called out

ones," or His ekklesia (Church), as a body! Jesus said: "I am the true vine, and my Father is the husbandman. Every branch in me that beareth not fruit he taketh away: and every branch that beareth fruit, he purgeth it, that it may bring forth more fruit... Abide in me, and I in you. As the branch cannot bear fruit of itself, except it abide in the vine [án integral part of the body!]; no more can ye, except ye abide in me" (John 15:1-4).

Jesus used the obvious analogy of a growing, producing vine with roots firmly implanted in rich soil, the flow of life-giving sap through the main vine (Christ) to the major branches on to the smaller branches, and finally producing fruit! He said: "I am the vine, ye are the branches: He that abideth in me, and I in him, the same bringeth forth much fruit: for without me ye can de nothing. If a man abide not in me, he is cast forth as a branch, and is withered The has been cut off from the main trunk, and therefore from the lifegiving flow that can come only from remaining a part of a tightly knit, integral body, together, as one living organism; and men gather them," and cast them into the fire, and they are burned" (verses 5-6).

Jesus Christ of Nazareth makes it crystal clear that He is the living Head of His Church, His group of human beings who are called by His name, in whom is the very Spirit of God (Rom. 8:9). Each individual includes is a part of a living, vital organism, having no life separate from, or apart from, that organism!

Though one might "reason around" in his own mind that by withdrawing from what he may contemptuously call "the organization" (God's Church!) he is, in fact, "remaining in the church," he is only deceiving himself — playing with meaningless words — and directly contradicting these powerful words of Jesus Christ Himself!

Jesus Christ organized His true Church! He said: "Ye have not chosen me, but I have chosen you, and ordained you, that ye should go and bring forth fruit..." (John 15:16). But unless one remains a part of that spiritual body, firmly attached to the main vine, he cannot "bear fruit."

Appearing to His own disciples after His resurrection. Jesus said: "All power is given unto me in heaven and in earth. Go ye therefore, and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Sorl, and of the Holy Spirit: teaching them to observe all things whatsoever I have commanded you: and, lo, I am with you alway, even unto the end of the world [the consummation of the age]" (Matt. 28:18-20).

Following the suicide of Juda: (Matt. 27:5), Jesus inspired the apostles to select another man, Matthias (one of two men selected after lengthy discussion among the remaining eleven leaders, and the one finally chosen by lot), because He was determined to begin with the perfect governmental number, and a number representing organized beginnings - twelve! There were twelve tribes in Israel, and Jesus Himself described twelve future thrones (Matt. 19:28) upon which. His own apostles will sit, judging the twelve tribes of Israel!

#### A Great Commission

desus showed His group. His body of believers, His Church, would be a human, physical group of men and women—flesh and blood human beings—with a great Work to do!

And ye shall be witnesses unto me both in Jerusalem, and in all Judgea, and in Samaria, and unto the uttermost part of the earth" (Acts 1:8).

Matthew's Gospel records Jesús' prophecy that His Great Commission to His true disciples would be fulfilled: "And this gospel of the kingdom shall be preached in all the world for a witness unto all nations; and then shall the end come" (Matt. 24:14). Jesus, appearing again to His disciples following His resurrection, said: "Peace be unto you: as my Father hath sent me, even so [in

like fashion] send I you" (John 20:21).

Paul was inspired to write. For whosoever shall call upon the name of the Lord shall be saved. How then shall they call on him in whom they have not believed? and how shall they believe in him of whom they have not heard? and how shall they hear without a preacher? And how shall they preach, except they be sent?" (Rom. 10:13-15.)

Jesus said: "Even so send I you," and made it perfectly clear that unless those who are sent (ordained) remain in the body, and firmly attached to the Branch (see Isa. 11:1), they are utterly cut off, can boar not fruit, and are not the chosen servants of Jesus Christ, who remains the living, active Head of His Church!

Jesus said: "As my Father hath sent me"—showing Christ came to perform a Work on this earth! He said: "My meat [my daily activity; my livelihood, my."occupation"] is to do the will of him that sent me, and to finish his work" (John 4:34).

Christ said His preaching of the gospel (which He repeatedly called the "work" or "my work") was only possible because He. Christ, stayed, firmly joined to the Father! "... My Father worketh hitherto, and I work" (John 5:17). And in verses 36, 37: "But I have greater witness than that of John: for the works which the Father hath given me to finish, the same works that I do, bear witness of me, that the Father hath sent me. And the Father himself, which hath sent me, hath borne witness of me."

Christ said: "I must work the works of him that sent me, while it is day: the night cometh, when no man can work" (John 9:4); and, "... the works that I do in my Father's name, they bear witness of me.... if I do not the works of my Father, believe me not. But if I do, though ye believe not me, believe the works: that ye may know, and believe, that the Father is in me, and I in him" (John 10:25, 37, 38).

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#### Jesus Sent to Preach the Gospel

What were those works to which Jesus commually referred?

"The Spirit of the Lord is upon me, because he hath anointed me to preach the gospel to the poor; he hath sent me to heal the broken-hearted, to preach deliverance to the captives, and recovering of sight to the blind, to set at liberty them that are bruised, to preach the acceptable year of the Lord." Jesus read from Isaiah, standing in the synagogue of Nazareth. Then He announced: "This day is this scripture fulfilled in your ears" (Luke 4:18-21).

Jesus said He was sent from the Father, and He sent His disciples in the same manner, for the same purpose: to preach the gospel! "Then he called his twelve disciples together, and gave them power and authority over all demons [Greek], and to cure diseases, "And he sent them to preach the kingdom of God, and to heal the sick" (Luke 9:1-2).

"But go rather to the lost sheep of the house of Israel. And as ye go, preuch, saying. The kingdom of heaven is at hand" (Matt. 10:6, 7). He showed, after sending "other seventy also," that the harvest was plenteous, but the laborers few saying: "Pray ye therefore the Lord of the harvest, that he would send forth labourers into his harvest. Go your ways: behold, I send you forth as lambs among wolves... Go not from house to house... heal the sick that are therein, and say unto them, The kingdom of God is come nigh unto you" (Luke 10:1-9).

When John the Baptist was in prison, about to be beheaded, he sent a few of his disciples to Jesus. They asked: "Art thou he that should come, or do we look for another? Jesus answered and said unto them. Go and shew John again those things which ye do hear and see: The blind receive their sight, and the lame walk, the lepers are cleansed, and the deaf hear, the dead are raised up, and the poor have the gospel preached to them" (Matt. 11:3-5).

#### Gospel of the Kingdom

Continually, Jesus emphasized the preaching of the gospel of the Kingdom of God as a witness to all nations! He said: "And the gospel must first be published among all nations" (Mark 13:10).

Mark's account of Jesus' commission to His disciples reads: "Go ye into all the world, and preach the gospel to every creature. He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved; but he that believeth not shall be damned [Greek, condemned]" (Mark 16:15, 16).

### **Personal Counsel**

Many hundreds have written asking if we have representatives in their areas to coupled with them personally and to answer their questions.

The answer is yes, we do.

"The Worldwide Church of Godstations personal representatives fordered ministers) in most communities in the United States, and British Commonwealth, and in many other areas of the world. These men of God can visit you.

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or require private counseling for whatever reason, please feel free to write us and request a private appointment: Worldwide mailing addresses are on the inside from cover.

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So, as Jesus was sent to preach the gospel. He also sent His disciples to do the same!

Christ did the Work of God: He called and trained His disciples, putting them through the maturing experiences they would need later. He rebuked and exhorted them, finally giving them of God's Holy Spirit ordaining them into His own Church as His apostles, and sent them out into the world to fulfill the commission. He gave them! That Great Commission is still being carried out today!

#### Organization is Necessary

It would be impossible to perform God's Work, either then or now, without the organization Christ Himself ordained, "Organization" is not a "nasty" word! It stems from "organism," meaning a living, vital collection of cellular tissue; a plant, or living creature; a part of God's creation having life and purpose and being.

Jesus Christ established government in His Church — insisting Hewould at all times retain ultimate, authority! He never intended making any human being the Head of the Church!

But He did place the apostles in charge under the living Christ!

Throughout the book of Acts. you see examples of the government of God in action! At the Jerusalem confere "r'example, came the first major test of the type of government Christ had established within His own organization.

"Certain men," who are unidentified (men with no official status within the Church who were unordained, and who were mainly affected by their past religious teachings—that of the Pharisees). "taught the brethren, and said. Except ye be circumcised after the manner of Moses, ye cannot be saved" (Acts 15:1).

Apparently, Paul and Barnabas could not change their opinions.

It became necessary to go to higher authority to resolve the difficulty. Even though Paul was an or-

dained apostle (as was Barnabas), these "men" who were unauthorized to teach anyone — who were unordained — refused to believe them. Because of the effect it was having on the brethren, several of the leaders decided to "go up to Jerusalem unto the apostles and elders about this question" (verse 2).

#### Government Upheld

Read the whole chapter. Think about it. The advocates of circumcision would surely have seemed to have every possible scripture on their side, wouldn't they?

Remember, not one scrap of the New Testament had even been written yet! There were no "New Testament" books of the Bible to which the apostles, or the dissenters, could turn. And almost everything they could read from the Old Covenant might strongly indicate circumcision was required!

Perhaps, however, one of the apostles hit upon Jeremiah 4:4. which says. "Circumcise yourselves to the Biernal, and take away the foreskins of your heart, ye men of Judah and inhabitants of Jerusalem." But the major point which bore the most weight was experience! Notice how Paul and Barn abas reasoned that God had given the Gentiles His Spirit, that He had obviously not withheld salvation from them just because of their "uncircumcised" condition! Then Peter substantiated their words by showing that God had "put no difference between us and them, purifying their hearts by faith" (verse 9).

fames then rendered a final decision (verses 13 through 21) He said, "Wherefore my senience is [decision, choice, policy], that we trouble not them, which from among the Gentiles are turned to God. But that we write unto them, that they abstain from pollutions of idols, and from formation, and from things strangled, and from blood."

Later, it was said that the apostles
"... went through the cities, [and]
they delivered them decrees for to
keep, that were ordained of the

apostles and elders which were at Jerusalem" (Acts 16:4).

#### A Verbal Decision

This decision was rendered orally? It was not based on any direct quotation of scripture you can find in the 15th chapter of Acis! Not once did any of those who spoke quote any "chapter and verse," but rather told of the experiences of practical day-to-day conduct of the Work, and of the fact that God had obviously given of His Spirit to uncurcumcised Gentilles!

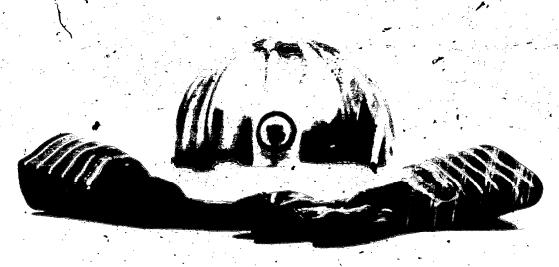
Now, of course, since Luke kept record of these facts, and sent them to his friend Theophilus (Acts 1:1), we can read the account of this verbal decision! But the verbal decision was not based on something previously written, but on the facts of what God had done!

Notice the organization here! First, the dissident "teachers" began upsetting the brethren. Paul and Barnabas tried to dissuade them and convince them of their error. They refused to believe. Paul and Barnabas and other ministers decided to take the matter to haid-quarters (at Jerusalem, then) to higher authority. They did so. A decision was finally rendered, after all sides had been heard!

But did this stop the false teaching that all must be circumcated in order to be saved? Did it end the controversy over circumcision? No — not at all — it only began it From that time on. Paul's life in Christ's minimy among the Genules was to be plagued by continual persecutions from former or still active Pharisees who urgently insisted circumcision was required? They gian't believe in the official authority of God's headquarters apostles and ministry, as did most of the Church.

Next time, we shall see the many examples of God's government in action in His Church: government necessary to preach the gospel and do the Work of God, as well as to settle doctrinal and procedural matters, and to protect the flock and conduct all matters of the Church.

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## HOW LIBERATED CAN YOU GET?

Why have thousands of comfortable matrons recently turned into rabid "women's libbers"? What makes wives who seemingly have everything go on the warpath against male chauginism? Should you take sides in the battle of the sexes — and if you're a wife, just how liberated should you be?

by Carole Ritter

Hy are many wives suddenly becoming uppity?
What turned them against diapers and dishpans? Do they really have any valid gripes, or are they just rebeiling because it's the thing to do these days?

Maybe you already have some pretty strong ideas on this subject. You might even be a "libber" yourself. You approve of equal pay for equal work; you think every person has a right to develop to his or her full potential; you're tired of phony

chivalry and subtle sexist putdowns; maybe you even threw away your girdle and your makeup.

Or maybe you're not a libber at all. You don't really see why women can't be happy doing what they've always done. Why upset the status quo? Doesn't the Bible say women were put on earth to serve men, anyhow?

Didn't the apostle Paul put women in their place? After all, he said: "I suffer not a woman to teach, nor to usurp authority over the man, but to be in silence" (I Tim. 2:12). And, "Let your women keep silence in the churches: for it is not permitted unto them to speak..." (I Cor. 14:34).

He hammered his point home in Ephesians 5:22: "Wives, submit yourselves unto your own husbands, as unto the Lord." That seems to be coming on pretty strong in favor of male chauvinism, right?

But did God create women to be meek, humble, mousey little things who say "yes, sir" whenever someone pulls their string? Did He give man an insipid pot-scrubbing automaton who stays pregnant nine months of the year Or did He have something better in mind?

What is a wife's true role in God's scheme of things? If her husband has "authority" over her, is there anything she can do on her own? How much initiative should she have? Can she ever make her own decisions, or is this strictly a male prerogative? Just how does a wife fit into the family unit?

#### God is a Family

God is a family — and there is a parallel between God's family relationship and ours. God the Father and Christ are both gods — both exist on the same plane. But God'the Father is "first among equals." He is "in authority" over Christ. But Genesis 1:26 shows that they both work as a team — and God the Father has delegated much authority to Christ. In fact, He had Christ do the actual creating of the universe (see Hebrews 1:2 and John 1:1-3), and is going to have Him

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rule it forever (Heb. 1:2. 8).

God made man in His image (Gen. 1:26). Our family life is intended to be a type of the Godplane family relationship. A man and his wife are equals, just as God and Christ are equal. Both husband and wife are "heirs together of the grace of life" (I Peter 3:7).

But someone has to be in charge. God has ordained that the husband by in authority. Following the example of the God family, they should work together as a coequal team. Marriage isn't a master-slave arrangement with the man giving all the orders and the woman meekly kowtowing. In fact, if a man wants to do what God does, he'll treat his wife kike an intelligent partner. He'll ask for her advice—and take it if it's good. And he'll want to share as much authority with his partner as their situation allows.

### Delegation Prevents Frustration

It's important for a husband to learn to delegate authority to his wife. If his "heart doth safely trust" in her (Prov. 31:11), he il'be able to leave all the household decisions for her to decide — and keep his mind free to do his own job. If he dictates

every minor decision to her not only is he burdening himself with extra work, he's probably stiffing her growth as a person and a Christian

Women have to learn to make decisions, too, It's part of building good character. They need the opportunity to develop the initiative necessary to "work out" [their] own salvation" themselves (Phil. 2:12).

A wife shouldn't need to pester her husband about what kind of socks to buy for the kids, or what brand of socapsuds to use, or whether to wash her hair on Monday storiday. She is her husband's vice hident in charge of household airs, and should be given all the authority she needs to do her job effectively.

That's how a husband-wife team should operate, and how a wife needs to carry out her role. But just what does her role encompass? How far does her household authority extend? Just how much can she do?

We know women shouldn't preach (I Tim. 2.12, I Cor. 14.34). But, how come? First of all. God wants women (as a general rule) to take their place as "keepers at home" (Titus 2.5) So at marriage a woman is ordained to a "minis-

"WOMEN ON THE MARCH" —
placards show grievances of women,
as 'they parade during 'show of
force" in Los Angeles.

try" of caring for her family. Secondly, God wants to teach both men and women His pattern of government (see I Cor. 14:35; Gen;

3:16: Eph. 5:22-33).

#### Women Can Teach

All right, we've determined that women shouldn't get up and pound the pulpit. They aren't to be preachers. But God does command them to be teachers (Titus 2:3-4) Younger women are committed to teach and train their children — especially during their preschool years.

But what happens when the last baby leaves the nest? At this point a woman might still have half of her life ahead of her — is she supposed to set home and crochet duties during her declining years? Titus, 2.3.4 shows that older women should be reachers of good things, that they may teach the young women? how to be good wives and mothers. Who could be better qualified to pass on that sort of information than an experienced expert in the held?

But how does all this translate

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into a practical application today? People's talents differ One Acman might be an excellent teacher in a formal classroom situation. While amother is good at passing on helpful advice — and someone else might do her best by just setting a good-example, doing some kind of volunteer work or running her own howers.

Only you can determine where your own interests and talents life. And once you do, if up to you to develop them

There are examples in the Bible of highreness women who used their talents to the full. Debtrah had a humble attende and thought of herself as a "mother in Israel" (Judges 5:7) has she ruled the country and led an army to battle. In the New Testament. Lydia (a "seller of purple" — Acts 16:14) has her own testale business Rhobe (Rom. 16:1-2) was serving the church full time as a desconess of was probably the one who descred Paul's letter from Countb to Rome.

Some women don't realize how wide their tole really can be. They've heard that a woman shouldn't preach. 'S funder authoris. Is a "weaker vessel" so many times they think they can't do anything really worthwhile except scrub floors, wash dishes and change diapers — and even if they could they probably really shouldn't.

#### Fake Femininity Found Wanting

Their negative self-concept has been perpetuated by welf-meaning, scripture-quoting ladies like Helen Andelon, author of Fascinating Womanhood (Pacific Press, 1963). Although this book contains some helpful "busband-psychology" hints, it advocates the traditional dichotomy between what's considered man's and woman's work Mrs. Andelon tells her fellow females, "Don't try to exact him in anything, which requires masciline ability" (p. 218).

That's logical, if "masculine abil-

ity" means more muscle. A woman can't excel most men in that category unless she's pretty unusual. Even Billie Iean King picked an old man to clother. But Mrs. Andelin says: "We, see women building fences hauling sand, repairing automobiles, painting, mowing the lawn repairing breaty requipment, fixing the roof, doing carpentry, and many other masculine tasks" (p. 1807). "You must become that fixing the pendent creature that nature intended you to be" (p. 1899).

This concept of woman as a shell tered hothcuse plant doesn't stack up with what's said in Proyerbs 31. The guideth her louis with strength, and strengthenothther arms? (serse 17). Our great grandmethers used to beary, work that, some might optisider unladyliske today. A farm

Marriage isn't a master-slave arrangement with the man giving all the orders and the woman meekly kowtowing. In fact, if a man wants to do what God does, he'll treat his wife like an intelligent partner. He'll ask for her advice and take it if it's good.

woman lifted loads and worked hours that would exhaust a modern sedentary man

The militennium hasn't arrived yet, and many women today find themselves outside an ideal family situation. They are forced to earn their own living. There's nothing wrong with that Ruth and Lydia both did it. And they were fighteous women.

Of course, not every woman needs or would enjoy a full-time job. But what if she wants to repair her car? It wouldn't hurt to know that goes on under the hood if she's interested. And what's the matter with mowing the lawg or gardening? Or even light carpentry? These boulehold jobs can be included in a woman's realm. She probably needs the exercise. In fact, the whole fam-

ily can benefit by participating in these activities together.

#### A Liberated Woman

The Proverbs 31 woman had ohildren and a husband but she didn't use them as an exouse to vegetate. She knew the ins and outs of real eurie well enough to invest in a pace of land - and she used her own carnings, not their husband's money. Apparently she was produc-ರ್ಜ್ನ ಕ್ಷಂತ್ರಿಕ್ಕೆ ಅದಿ ಅಂದಿಕ್ಕಾಡವಾಕದೇ ಕೆಂಗ ಹಿ local store She planted a vineyard. or else supervised the work. (Was this a "massuade" (ob?) She made clothes for her family. She found ume to do solunteer work helping the medy. And the took time to keep up her sam appearance - her clothing was "silk and gumple."

She didn't stagnate inside the beliese all day. She went out to buy quality food from different sources, (if she were a modern woman, she'd be able to drive a car so her busband wouldn't have to chauffeur her taken't to pask up her household needs.) She got up early and put m long hours, but at the end of a busy day she found time to study God's Word Thus is how she could "open her mouth with widom" and kind-

Although the kept busy, this extraordinary person put her husband first. He, didn't have to waste his energy worrying about the situation at home. He knew his wife was a steady, capable, dedicated, happy person who supported him in whatever he did. With her backing him and believing in him, he reached his full potential for leadership and service. He was a pillar of the community, a well-known civic leader.

Can a woman like this be contidered liberated today? Will she receive the respect and recognition due her? Just listen: "Her children arise up, and call her blessed; her husband also, and he praiseth her... Pavour is deceitful, and beauty is vain: but a woman that feareth the Eternal, she shall be praised. Give her of the fruit of, her hands; and let her own works praise her in the gates" (verses 28-31).

stared intendly at the endless line of coded characters before him. On the face of the control panel behind him, numerous rows of small lights rhythmically blinked their reassuring message.

The operator paused for a moment and then quickly struck a key on the typewriter at his right. Instantly the computer printer erupted into frenzied action.

Momentarily distracted by the barrage of stactato noises surging from the printer, the operator failed to notice the arrival of the programming supervisor in the bright but mondovaless compatier, norm

"Hey, Bill," the supervisor shouled over the Clattering din. "how shall inventory listing going?"

now," replied the operator, now somewhat relieved that he could witness the visible fruits of his recent labors.

As the last sheets of the listing tumbled to the bottom of the printer, the noise level in the room subsided to its normal monotonous hum. The operator quickly tore off the listing and handed it to the su-

After a brief examination, the supervisor exploded. He harled the listing into the nearest trash receptacle and stalked out of the computer room.

The openion, taken aback but not completely abacted, caught up with the supervisor in the cent room.

"What's among with the fisting?" he gingerly asked.

"It's nothing but garbage," the supervisor groused. "Whoever programmed this thing ought to have his head examined."

You mean it's our old problem: 'Garbage on — garbage out'?" the operate queried.

"Exactly." replied the supervisor as he went looking for a certain programmer.

As the little Netch above illustrates, garbage in/garbage out is a well-known fact of life in the world of data processing. But it has an even more vital role to play in the functioning of another highly sophisticated pacce of computing equipment — the human mind.

Like the computer, our minds can either be rightly used or abused depending on the kind of information and thoughts we feed it. And the way we think inwardly invariably affects the outward man. As the

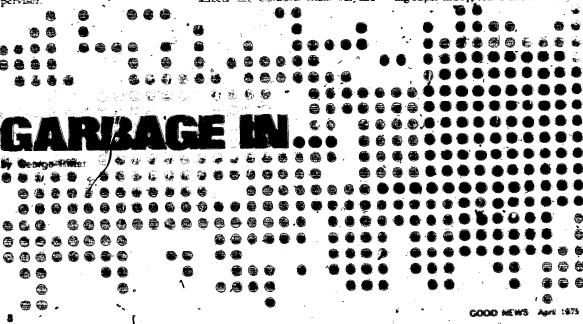
Manufacturer of the human outputer per a in Fronties 23:7: "For as he (a man) thinkerh in his heart, so is ha?"

And Maither 15:17:19: "Do not ye yet understand, that whatsoes or entereth in at the mouth goeth into the belly, and is east out into the draught? But those things which proceed out of the mouth come forth figure the heart; and they defile the main. For out of the heart proceed evil thoughts, murders, adulteries, forminations, thefts, faits witness, blasphemies.

If garbage is on the market eventually it will show up on the acceptain our behavior, miantenance and personality. For malance, a person who inwardly feels beside to others will often indulge in gossiping. faulthoding and open criticism

Or take the inflividual who dotes on dome nords, move magazines and afternoon TV matthess life may find it much easier to day-dream his life away and increasingly difficult to sustain any kind of deep introspective, or creative thought processes: Such a person will not only think in urival terms, but speak that way as well.

On the other hand, a person can go to the other extreme by becoming super introspective and critically



self-sensione the or she becomes all wrapped up with old number one—
the big "I" (Usually others find the company of such a person extremely full and boring because of his superson disastion.

And then there's the man who mandly trembles over, what cakers may think of him. His man-pleasing maintens are so strong that he can easily become anything from a maintensity of the "yes-man" who unthinkingly executes the boss's orders.

Olivo a man who has the nghi mental approach can tem failure in a paracular area in life into corrected recess to this regard fames Allen the author of the book As a Man Thursday wrote: "A man only begens to be a man when he ceases to where and revile and commence to doing sources as property and too dorses regulates has late And as he adapte has mund to that regulating factor. he ceases to accuse others as the cause of his opendition, and builds himself up in saving and noble thoughts, ceases to kick against ourcomplements but begins to use them. as ands to his more rapid progress, and as a means of discovering the. hidden powers and possibilities teriben bereself

What a man thinks in a poly sisted has a green deal to the with his out"apid health. While many leading medical suthernies are coming to better appreciate this principle, the Creater appreciate this principle, the Creater of the human apparatus, materials of the human apparatus, materials of the human food says in Processes 84.500 mA sound beam is the hife of the flesh; but leavy the restances of the house. And Processes 17.22 manners beam doesn't good like a medi-

The way we think inwardly invariably affects the outward man. As the Manufacturer of the human computer put it: "For as he [a man] thinketh in his heart, so is he."

one, but a broken spirit dueth the

But an even more important aspect of the garbage-in-garbage-out principle is the way it can affect others. Again regime what Christsaid about this in Matthew 12:35: "A good man out of the good treasure of the heart bringeth forth good things and up end man out of the evil treasure bringeth forth evil things."

One of the "things" rederred to un

the stone causage would perfamily added for concepts to person of speaking hold yet as the appeals fames those whose in the total confidence in the confidence in the control of the contr

A period may what what wastes out of his material and he can secured what goes may he mad he find a find out to the shanders of the heart the mouth specials.

We can get the gentiage out of any twenty or as don't also at an are and don't also at a get on a donour mindle. As Officereads we can do thus if we follow the instructions of the apositic Fault in 'II Constituents 10.5 by "messing down by approximate, and every high thing that explicit itself against the knowledge of God, and brunging anto deplinery every throught to the obselence of Ohne."

And in Philippunia 4.8. Finally, brethren, whatsoever things are hones, whatsoever things are hones, whatsoever things are just whatsoever things are lovely, whatsoever things are of good report; if there be any vitue, and if there he my praise, that on these things.



COOD NOWE AND HOL

# THE PATH TO TRUE GREATNESS

En Richard Flacks and David Ord

All above's one above we cover since id of sis serving. We just from the cover observe in service in their all We like differs to serve us too.

We are born with this tremendous desire for service. From the day we enter the world, we want to be wanted upon and served. If allowed to do so, chaldren would reduce their parents to service shows.

The world evaluates greatness by the degree of service a person receives. The more important one is, the greater the number of services, builters, much and secretaries.

Human manime suspices to be great

#### What is "Greatness"?

Front hack upon service as the way to become great. Then, once, you are then be served. Human beings will often do just about anything in the process of working their way up the ladder to greatmess But once great, look out!

The greatest human being who ever lived — Jesus Christ, to whom belongs full power in braweh and in carth (Matt. 28:18) — brought an entirely new roncept of greatness to this carth.

The disciples wanted to become great. "And there was also a single among them, which of them ebould be accordated the greatest" (Luke 22:24) Their concept of greatment was that of the world's great, and Christ began to explain that this isn't a true criterion of greaters.

He hold them: "I am among you as he that wereth" (werse 27).

When He resume to this carth, Christ will serve those who are born into His Kingdom at the widding

feast. Elessed for those services, whom the Lord when he corresh shall find watching, wordly I say unto you, that he shall good hopself, and make them to set down to meat, and will come forth and serve them.

If whe 12 37h

Chines is the greatest because the is the greatest remain of all True greatest is measured by the amount of severag that you do, and that serving never stops. Christ served when the came as a human being and the will still be serving after the returns as King of kings and florids. Service is not merely a way to become great, it is being great.

#### Why Same? . .

Do you realize that bluman beings sometimes serve so that they can get." Yes, even when we serve, we showetumes serve selfulity Genetally, our service is motivated by one of three distances.

Some people just enjoy serving lithrings them pleasure, so they did it. They probably had the good fortune of having been brought up in a functily where the parents have set the right example and properly trained them in this aspect it is not wrong to enjoy serving, but we should resulte that it could be motivated by selfish pleasure.

Them there are those who serve as an exercise in self-rightneousness. They involve themselves in charties, or other forms of servere, because in makes them feel good. They is raide to feel they are "pleasing God."

Another big meason that people serve is cimply to get a position of precious — to impress others. Two many of his bawe the attitude of Baruch — we are seeking great things for ourselves (Jer. 45:5).

Who is the right mouse for perving? Simply suited, it is outgoing common for others

First wrose of Timosiby Fee I have no man liberarided, who will committy care for your state For 22 week their care nor the things which are feens Chain's (First 2 20-21) Hene was a man, who served genumically. He served mat because it was bas job; but because he cared deeply for people.

Paid humaell had thus salme attutude of selfers service. If it would have done any good, he would neither have sandfood his own salvation than have others fail to enter God's Kingdom (Rom. 9.1-3). He had a love of people that was beyond the minutal human capacity for love.

An entire chapter of the Bible is dewoted to showing that we can go to any lengths of service, yet if it is not brand on a drep love and a real on going selfess concern — if is not brand on a drep love and a real on going selfess concern — if is all worthless (I Cor. 13)

the you realize that a person can sacrifice, serve with all his being and even tay down his life in man-tryider — being burned at the stake (verse 3)—and said profit mothing if he or the a good doing it from a right motivation?

Ask yourself Are you really serving to bely the other person, or just to impress yourself and others?

#### What Service Is

In the account of the life of Jesus Chura, we have a grapher example of what real service is.

As the disciples pathered on that has evening before this death, we are told that "Irons knew that his bour was come that he abould depart out of this world unity the

Factor, bankty longst his cost osterill were in the world, he forest them and one englished this

Objust these what our going and happen to him only busing that off milestand in a soul matter of the milestand in a soul matter that the test of the death of the

But where was His torkiere? Was his much, an new price to cher for the Fancoler in an upper coons it was serviced at the Canada in the door before maked by a serviced at the door before entering unto a house All of the disarchant that there had been no one at the door to waith their deer when above that waith their deer when above to Someone had alonged up. But only observed the above to sent when those their deer to be do something about if the age a need, and He rose hours the table and began washing a bot of day text.

What the did when the failed may prophery it washed in "parton" it was a genuine act of server as an example for us. So great was the line, even at such a time, that the was aware of the other physical completes of the diments.

Chouse was Gold Ven like was unsertly activities, sendly so give like all us the most boundlying eventains retail beams much of Surar Kinners, apulit devance the base known for about activities which is will much of base direct houses being much as has being the surar beams of people like like the colours of the stress do not be also of the surar for others.

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#### 1) Service Begins Small

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that shows as the principle with these the man thank the man distance in the principle with the man the man by a manual man by a manual tenth beautiful as a manual man man by a manual tenth beautiful and the demand of the tenth of the tent

But have the some state to set of as linear and us that prince where you work. It's now maps four makes at that they are next that "I was some and the part that are beful intering, that have be an observation of paper that are beful intering, the hand." Perhaps such removed details are an observation for you Builthey and offer the hand of that sets that are being the hand of that sets that are like the design the life.

Anyone the sent is just that Begin to sent that work opportunistics for service.

#### 2) Afters Service Begins

Throughout the bible we died can God pass of growing to have in growing to have in growing the fire grows that the grows the control of the grows that will be growing the control of the

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Equiphical can over manifed for his companies in the Coul's Work, the ped Fall in provinced ways. Paul cultud to the test the thought was the chief paulon to believe and the chief paulon to believe and the chief provinced to may wants (Find. 2011)

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I acquired of the greatest senmanual of tend began sening first us projected man. Thinks is all contstances a comple of a man food ment of this before the month him discussing it kings 19.21). Heless we am are willing to being groups projecten are willing to being groups projecten are will send the able to being them spiretostly.

#### 3) Borund the Scenes

Himself we work to be will in the instance to the continue we have Thing why Obside walls "Take bend that he do not have the best that he do not have the "(Mail 6-1). It's not make to hypothese of us as framents to pass to have means of the continue of years of the charge we bear distrection or granting the charge we have distrect to serving.

When his perce, timbed a subsequent with before the manner of the man be done that way be argued and willing to do the type of hab that you are notions when it is done that everywhere will be true the man done Albert all the true the purple who know when when the purple who know put a set of the proper who know you are doing to never judg carried it is for you to know the know you therein.

An communitary example of tebroad-the science service is that of.
Egraphian, who habored the early inprayer for God's proofle (Col. 21),
Prayer is orice of the mont what
we can nerve up God's Work. Yet
their injury of as one apending somuch as a ball body on our knies
for this Work of God each day? If
you midth want to serve, here's a
behind-the-preness place to begin

#### 44 Don't Respect Persons

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Real network is believe those who

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14:13-44) Well morphs on the abble to stand before blum and may that we really thend by this werte?

Service is payrie enigned. It is what one humain being trenders to another. And unless we are serving the ordinary people we done into ordinary people we done into ordinary with every day, we are lodding connects as that we are serving. It is the serving of daily life that ordinary of daily. If that ordinary

How often do we envice the poor. The widown or the Milhertens in for dimens? All of us aire delighted to entential someone who can promote us on the job - that what about the new jumor on the doingway who eneally a while the feel what about the resident while the doing was been promoted to do the pringenum on his feel? What about the chilerty person who lives nearthy and has no one who cares about the?

By's current to above concern for more-backing, clean, mean people there is is for uply, dirty, manusced or not people to be a ferme shad "lings over the sale of the people of the peop

#### Si Sacrifica

Opposituation to serve accome the course at the month inconvention touries. When oppositually knocks, we are the analyse out the door! We are "too bally out the basy" or "unable" to bally the perman in march when the them.

when expensive yours section is result in the consider of the plane. Consider our planes. Consider our planes of the consider our consideration of the consi

I saw Chain and the supreme example of secretic Even though the saw Good the "saude himself of so repulsion, and took upon him the secretic of a servan" (Fhit. 257). He save up everywhire, literally emplying theself of this own decides in

COCOD NATIONS April 1975

order to serve! It was with this example in mind that the apostle Paul commanded: "Do nothing from selfishness or conceit, but in humility count others better than your selves. Let each of you look not only to his own interests, but also to the interests of others" (Phil. 2:3-4, RSV).

We could give someone a lift by simply going a little out of our way, but we just don't want to take the trouble. We could stand and let an older person, or a lady, take a seat. We could help others in so many ways if only we would just sacrifice a little. But so often we don't. Why? Because we simply don't rate others as important as ourselves.

Serving involves sacrificing time. Begin to consider the other person's needs more important than your own. Be willing to give up what you had planned to do with your time. Sacrifice is a major key to effective serving.

#### 6) Above and Beyond

There are three kinds of people in our world today. There are those who don't serve at all, those who serve only when they have to — when they feel it is their duty — and those who go above and beyond duty in serving.

Paul talked about a group of people who "gave according to their means... and beyond their means, of their own free will, begging us earnestly for the favor of taking part in the relief of the saints" (II Cor. 8:34, RSV).

Christ expressed this principle of going above and beyond what is required when He said: "So likewise ye, when ye shall have done all those things which are commanded you, say. We are unprofitable servants: we have done that which was our duty to do." (Luke 17:10). If we do only what is required, where is the room for God to reward us for service?

On the job, do we work by the clock? Do we arrive right on starting time, and quit when the buzzer sounds? Or do we put in a little

extra work for good measure? Do you have a "that'll be all right" standard on the job, or are you striving to excel? Do you try to produce the very best product you can?

If you're a housewife, do you endeavor to prepare the most appetizing and appealing meals for your family? Or has the "TV dinner" become the norm in your home? How much are you really concerned for your family's health?

All of us need to do more than is required. We need to follow the ancient proverb: "Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might" (Eccl. 9:10).

#### 7) Service Doesn't Stop

When someone doesn't respond to service, it is a natural human tendency to write him off. We quickly give up. But God's Word instructs: "And let us not be weary in well doing: for in due season we shall reap, if we faint not" (Gal. 6:9).

"Be not overcome of evil," Paul wrote, "but overcome evil with good" (Rom. 12;21). Love persists. It keeps coming back. It keeps working to gain a brother. Even when it is rebuffed, it keeps trying. It is the ultimate weapon that will break down all barriers.

Our reward in God's Kingdom is going to be based on how we have served. Right now, your good works might not be getting very far. But if you keep them up — if you serve more and more as this age grows colder — they "cannot escape notice for ever" (1 Tim. 5:25, Moffatt).

A day of reckoning is coming. Those who are looking out for their own selves first, instead of for the interests of God's Work and of others, will lose what they have clung on to so dearly (Matt. 10:39). But those who are sacrificing to serve wherever they can are storing up a great reward in God's family.

Use these seven keys to serve more effectively now, and God will give you eternal life and a position of greatness so that you can continue serving throughout all eter-

#### How your Good News subscription has been paid

Jesus said, "This gospel of the kingdom shall be preached [and published — Mark: 13:10] in all the world for a witness unto all nations" (Matt. 24:14) at this time, just before the end of this age. A price must be paid for this magazine, the Correspondence Course, booklets and other literature.

But how? Christ forbids us to sell it to those who receive it: "Freely ye have received, freely give," said Jesus to His disciples whom He was sanding to proclaim. His gospel. "It is more blessed to give," He said, "than to receive" (Acts 20:35).

God's way is the way of love, — and that is the way of giving. God expects every child of His to give freewill offerings and to tithe, as His means of paying the costs of carrying the gospel to others.

We, therefore, simply trust the Living Christ to stir the minds and hearts of His followers to give generously, thus paying the cost of putting this precious gospel truth in the hands of others.

The faithful, tithe-paying members of the Worldwide Church of God and our evergrowing family of co-workers gladly give of their incomes that we may give this precious gospel to an ever-widening number of teaders.

The living, dynamic Christ Himself enables us to send you this Good News magazine without charging a price. God's way might — the way of giving to

## THE GOSPEL TO THE WORLD Whirlwind Activity Winds up the Year



or Mr. Herbert W. Armstrong the closing months of 1974 were quite busy — and profitable. Old friends were revisited and new friends and contacts were established in a series of meetings in the Middle East and the Far East.

After observing the Feast of Tabemacles with the Church membership in the United States, and Canada at their local festival sites. Mr. Armstrong returned to Pasadena for a few days of work and rest. Then he departed for Japan where he hosted a dinner for their Imperial Highnesses, Prince and Princesses Mikasa. Prince Mikasa personally thanked Mr. Armstrong for his efforts on behalf of the Prince's forthcoming visit to Egypt (which took place at the end of January). He also plans to visit Ambassador College later this year.

From Japan, Mr. Armstrong flew to Egypt after stops in Manila, the Philippines, and Bangkok, Thailand. In Cairo, Mr. Armstrong spoke to a distinguished group of government officials and educators (on October 30); Over 100 people attended, including four ministers of the government. He spoke on the cause of world problems and contrasted the two ways of living: "I call one way the way of get; the other the way of give. Now human nature doesn't like to give. Hümannature wants to get. And this whole world is based on the get principle .... There was a great Teacher who once said it is more blessed to, give than to receive. And I don't think very many people believe that .... But I have been putting that way to practice for over 40 years and I find it does succeed, and it is better."

The next stop was Tel Aviv, Israel, where Mr. Armstrong was to be bonored by a testimonial dinner on November 6 hosted by the Minister of Tourism, Moshe Kol. Be-



cause of illness, he was unable to attend, so his adviser Mr. Stanley Rader went in his stead. Mr. Kolnoted in his remarks to the 1.10 or so leaders and foreign dignitaries present that "Mr. Armstrong is traveling for humanitarian purposes, for educational purposes, and for the purpose of building bridges between people of different regions — and he is quite successful."

Two and a half weeks later, Mr. Armstrong returned to the Philippines for another personal appearance speaking engagement. This was a follow-up to his successful campaign in May. On November 22 he flew to the island province of Iloilo where he received an enthusiastic welcome by the citizenry. He spoke for about 20 minutes before

# POST



The next day, Saturday, he observed the Sabbath with some 650 Filipino brethren and that evening spoke to an overflow crowd of 1,800 in Quezon City about the gospel. Two television stations taped his speech for later airing throughout much of the country.

On December 4, Mr. Armstrong was in Japan and had the opportunity to be the first visitor from abroad to be received by Japan's new prime minister, Takeo Miki, In the course of their conversation, the prime minister thanked him for all of his assistance and efforts on behalf of the Japanese government.

After the latest round of whirlwind meetings, Mr. Armstrong returned to Pasadena for a few weeks to catch his breath and catch up on

various matters. He remained long enough to attend a recital by the world-famous pianist Arthur Rubinstein in Ambassador, Auditorium on January 15. The occasion was a benefit for the International Cultural Center for Youth in Jerusalem; which seeks to foster education for international understanding among youth of all denominations.

Mr. Rubinstein walked on stage to a standing ovation and did not disappoint the standing-room-only audience Albert Goldberg of the Los Angeles Times wrote: "The makier was in rare mood, a mood of Olympian, insights and peneitating cloquence, If he had intended this for a last will and testament, it could hardly have been more to his liking or more secure insurance for such

. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: Mr. Abdyl Lader Hatem introduces Mr. Armstrong at the testimonial dinner in Cairo Maestro Arthur Rubinstoin, world-famous concert planist, performs at benefit concert in the Ambassador Auditorium. Mr. Armstrong speaks before 1800 in second personal appearance în Manila on November 23. Mr. Armstrong meets Prime Minister Takeo Miki on Decembey 4 - the first foreigner to be releved by the new Japanese leader.

immortality as any performer is allowed."

The next day the respite was over. Mr. Armstrong was back in the air heading for more appointments. more speaking engagements, more opportunities to proclaim the gospel of Christ to the leaders, and the masses, of the world.

GOOD NEWS A

## **GN STAFFERS ON MID-EAST**



fter ten grueling days of smoke-filled airports, security searches and checks, thundering jet engines, passport stampings and numerous time changes, a weary but much enlightened group of three GN staff members recently returned to home base in Pasadena.

Dr. Charles Dorothy of the Ambassador College Faculty, Lawson Briggs, an associate editor on the GN staff, and Brian Knowles, managing editor, toured Israel, Athens and parts of Egypt in a whirlwind fact-finding mission in the area of the world which is destined to make tomorrow's headlines.

The tour group was led by Dr. Jack Finegan, a biblical scholar, archaeologist and author of Light From the Ancient Past, The Archaeology of the New Testament and The Archaeology of World Religions. As the tour progressed, Dr. Finegan gave a number of lectures bringing important insights on the biblical relationships of the archaeology sites we visited.

The journey proper began after the El Al jet landed at Tel Aviv.—From there our group motored to nearby Netanya where we checked into a hotel and got to bed around 12:30 a.m. It was up again at 6:15 and on the bus by eight o clock. Netanya is a "boom town" founded in the 1930s. It is the regional capital



Photos by Brian Knowles - GN

Partly restored Roman amphitheater Yleft) at Caesarea where Herod Agrippa made his infamous speech. it bas here that the angel struck Herod down for vaingloriously allowing the people to address him as a god (Acts 12:18-23). The amphitheater is occasionally used for entertainment events today. Above: Dr. Charles Dorothy of the Ambassador College Faculty pointing to a replica of a stone pillar located at Caesarea mentioning the name of Pontius Pilate in a Latin inscription. The origistone is located elsewhere. Right (this page): Beautiful Mount Hermon from the Sea of Galilee. Mt. Hermon's snow!covered summit provides the source for the waters of the Jordan River and the Sea of Galilee David alluded to the "dew of Hermon" (Psaim 133 3) which waters the surrounding mountain area.

of the plain of Sharon and has a population of around 75,000.

#### Caesareá

From Netanya our group motored to the ancient town of Caesarea and visited the Roman amphitheater where Herod-Agrippa made his infamous speech (Acts 12:18-23): The Jewish historian Flavius Josephus wrote an interesting parallel account of this event and stated plainly that

the speech was delivered "in the theatre" at Caesarea:

"Now, when Agrippa had reigned three years over all Judea, he came to the city Cesarea... there he exhibited shows in honour of Caesar ... On the second day of which shows he put on a garment made wholly of silver, and of a contexture truly wonderful, and came into the theatre early in the morning; at which time the silver of his garment being illuminated by the fresh reflection of the sun's rays upon it, shone out after a surprising manner, and was so resplendent as to spread a horror over those that looked intently upon him: and presently his flatterers cried out, one from one place, and another from another. (though not for his good.) that he was a god.... Upon this the king did neither rebuke them, nor reject their impious flattery ... A severe pain also arose in his belly, and began in a most violent manner .... his pain was become violent .... when he had been quite worn out by the pain in his belly, for five days, he departed this life, being in the fifty-fourth year of his age, and the seventh year of his reign ... " (Josephus, Antiquities of the Jews, book XIX, chapter VIII, section 2).

It was a strange feeling to stand on the stage of the very theater, at approximately the same time of the

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## **TOUR**



day (early in the morning), in which God's angel had smitten Herod Agrippa for his colossal vanity and presumptuousness!

In addition to the remains of a large Roman aqueduct, we also viewed a replica of a small column or pillar found at Caesarea which had inscribed upon it the only archaeological record of the name of Pontius Priate (Pilate was mentioned by Josephus and Tacitus, but no monument or inscription had ever been found carrying his name until this one was found.) The inscription is in Latin. (See accompanying photo.)

#### Magiddo

A second high spot on the trip was the site of biblical Megidoo. Megidoo is located a number of miles inland from the port of Haifa. Anciently, Megiddo was one of three important fortified cities which guarded the key mountain passes of the Mount Carmel area.

Megiddo guarded the best pass between the coastal plain to the valley of Estingtion and on fiorthward to Galilee and Dymascus. It was at Megiddo that king Josiah of Judah was slain attempting to block the passage of Pharaoh Necho of Egypt horthward to fight the Babylonians. Read this interesting account which shows God does work at times

Ruins of a Jewish synagogue at Ca pernaum, (left, this page). Cent top: Basalt foundation of the Paper naum synagogue. The darke stones of the lower part of the foundation may well be the base of the original first-century synagogue in which Jesus preached during His Galilean ministry (Mark 1:21) The superstructure of the existing synagogue is believed to have been constructed in the third or fourth century. Center bottom: The "Big Dig" located at the southwest corner of the Temple wall in Jerusalem. This picture shows the latest development of the archaeological site which is being excavated jointly by Hebrew University and Ambassador College, Right: Jeruselem from the Mount of Olives The Temple wall and the mosques of Al Aqsa and Omar may be seen in the middle ground.

through unconverted people (II Kings 23 and II Chron 35)

It was also at this same pass that General Allenby's toroes surprised the Turkash armies in 1918.

The Arabic name for the site of Megiodo is Tell el-Mutesellim. It was first excavated by a German named Dr. G. Schumacher in 1903-1905. It was found that Megiddo was situated on a high mound or hill (tell) and was fortified by a wall

some 13 feet thick! Later, this wall was doubled in thickness. (If you wish to read further on the development of the various stages of Megiddo be sure to check Kathleen Kenyon's Archaeology in the Holy Land.)

After a pleasant lunch at Haifa, on the coast, we went up to the Mount Carmel area and took a number of pictures from that outstanding vantage point.

#### Nazareth

Later, we visited the city of Nazareth, Jesus' home for many years. The population of Nazareth today is mainly Arab, of which about 20,000 are Christians. At Nazareth we visited the largest Roman Catholic Church in the Middle East, the Church of the Annunciation This impressive cathedral was built upon the alloged site of "Mary's cave." A second Catholid Church, a sittle higher up the same hill, is said to be constructed over the site of Joseph's carpentry shop. As we emerged from these magnificent structures, we encountered Arab beggars in the street immediately adjacent.

#### Sea of Galilee

Certainly among the most inspiring aspects of the entire tour was a cruise on the beautiful Sea of Galilee. From our vantage point in the small craft we could see many sites

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of biblical significance, including the magnificent, snowcapped Mount Hermon in the distance. The unusually clear day and crystalline beauty was interrupted by just one grim reminder of modern times: Israeli Phantom patrol jets piercing the sky.

The lake cruise ended at the site of the ruins of Capernaum. Here we walked in a synagogue where Jesus is traditionally believed to have taught. Actually, the main structure of the synagogue is from a later period, but the foundation may well be that of the original first-century structure. Certainly the site itself seems to be authentic.

After brief visits to Tiberias (John 6:23) and Cana (John 2:1; 4:46), we returned past Nazareth to the area of Samaria by way of the Valley of Jezreel. We were unable to get more than a glimpse from a distance of the tell of ancient Samaria. Near Nabulus we visited the site of and drank water from Jacob's well (John 4), above which towers the 3000-foot summit of Mt. Gerizim. Dr. Finegan felt this site was authentic.

#### Jericho

One of the most exciting and educational areas was the site of old Jericho. Actually, there are three Jerichos: Old Testament Jericho, New Testament Jericho and modern Jericho! The site of old Jericho has been partially excavated by British

The Dome of the Rock (Mosque of Omar) and the scale model which stands beside it (left photo). The model represents the appearance of the mosque before it was restored in recent times. The gripmal mosque, of which the model is a replica, was constructed in the seventh century A.D. Above: Archaeologist Dr. Jack Finegan and Lawson Briggs, associare editor of Good News, compare notes near the Dead Sea Mountains of Engedi are in the background The Engedi area is where David and his men hid from King Saul (1 Sam 24-1). Right (this page). The site of ancient (Old Testament) Jericho excavated most recently by British archaeologist Kathleen Kenyon Archaeologists generally regard the mound of old Jencho as one of the oldest cities in the world of which we now have an existing record.

archaeologist Kathleen Kenyon in recent, years, and by others earlier

It was interesting to note on either side of the tell of old Jericho the abandoned refugee villages left over from, the 1967 war. Chances are they will again see use! Everyone in the Holy Land seemed to take for granted that there will be war again soon, probably this year.

After Jericho we headed south to Qumran where the famous Dead

Sea Scrolls were found in the late 1940s. As we drove along the shore of the Dead Sea, we came to understand why it's dead! The chemical stench was an affront to the nostrils—actually, the Dead Sea is about one third chemicals.

The State of Israel has efected a multimillion-dollar chemical extracting plant at one end of the Sea to extract these valuable chemicals for industrial use. Close behind and not to be outdone, the Jordanians are hurrying to open similar chemical extraction facilities. Later in the day we saw from the heights the series of dams behind which the increasingly desiccated brine was pumped into ever smaller pools.

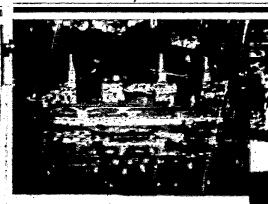
After driving near the Chiffs of Engedi (where David hid from Saul), we arrived at the inspiring site of Masada. Masada is a symbol to modern Israelis, a symbol of courage and resolve. It is the fortiess where the Zealots held out for years against the Romans.

About A.D. 73 the Roman engineers built a stupendous ramp against the 300-foot sheer cliffs of the mountain and captured the fortiess. A future article in the GN will outline the significance of this important location.

#### Jerusalem and Athens

The group spent some four nights in the city of Jerusalem. We toured

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the Temple grounds and many important archaeological sites in the Old City. Perhaps you would be surprised to know that we had to visit two separate sites for the crucifixion and two for the burial — Gordon's Calvary and garden tomb and the Church of the Holy Sepulchre (where another "Calvary" is shown).

After leaving Israel we headed for Athens. Greece, where the apostle Paul confronted the Areopagites of Mars' Hill. We then toured this modern city of over two million — it was only a village of about 10,000 people when it became the capital of a Greece mainly independent of the Turks in the 19th century — visiting the Acropoths and seeing the agora (market place) where Paul spoke daily to passers by about the gospel (Acta-17: N).

Marble is very much available in Greece and is used in much of the major construction. The city literally sparkles in the sun as it fills every flat space and stretches across the gently rolling hills into the distance.

The Greeks have a statue to Harry Truman in the city of Athens.

#### Egypt

The final leg of the journey was to the teeming city of Cairo. Cairo is a city of over seven million relatively, poor, Arabs. The unemployment rate is upwards of 15-20% in Egypt, and the streets were filled with The agora or market place in Athens (left, this page) where the apostle Paul spoke to passersby (Acts 17:17). Center Top: Mars' Hill in Athens. This is the place of the Areopagites of the seventeenth chapter of Acts where Paul disputed with the philosophers of his day about the "unknown God." · Center bottom Looking directly, up the massive stone face of the pyramid of Khefron This gineering marvel is the second largest of the three famous pyramids. The pyramid of Cheops (Khufu) is actually the largest. It is approximately the same height, but ascends at a .much shallower angle, giving it' greater overall mass Right The pyramid of

people wandering aimlessly along, looking for a handout or for something to do As we returned to the airport to depart, we saw small children huddled around dung fires by the road in a pre-slawn effort to keep warm.

Khefron from the tomb of Tutankha-

men in Egypt This tomb-yielded

some of the greatest treasures from

the early dynasties of ancient Egypt.

Bus drivers seem able to negotiate the crowded streets on the strength of their horn alone. It was a wild ride to the airport from our hotel located near the pyramids — nar-

rowly missirfullatities and pedistrians!

While in Egypt the group visited the so-talled Second Pyramid—the tomb of Chephren. We also visited the Cairo Museum which was built by the French in 1900. It features fabulous treasures from pyramids and tombs of the early dynasties of Egypt, including the incredible wealth of Tutanhamen, whose tomb—a rare exception—had been successfully hidden from the grave robbers.

After a long series of flights from Cairo to Athens to Rome to New-York to San Francisco to Burbank, two of the group arrived home, bone weary but much enlightened by the events of the previous ten days. Dr. Dorothy remained behind another day to visit the sites of ancient Tyre and Sidon, as well as the city of Beirut, Lebanon.

Archaeologists have, in the latter half of the nineteenth century, and the first half of the twentieth, accomplished a great deal in bringing the ancient past to light. Many new discoveries will undoubtedly be made that will further confirm the efficacy of the biblical record.

Future issues of The Good News will carry articles pertaining to some of the important archaeological discoveries of the Near East as well as the critical prophecies which are destined to be fulfilled in that vital area of the world.

- Bijan Knowles

## MAY A CHRISTIAN BREAK THE LETTER OF GOD'S LAW?

What is the difference between the "spirit" and the "letter" of the law? God wants you to keep His commandments. Satan wishes you to break them. How does the devil deceive the world — and some Christians — into breaking God's law?

by Raymond F. McNeur

ome think you only need to keep the "spirit" of God's law. Others believe you must always obey the strict "letter." Both views are incorrect.

Does God want you to keep the "spirit" or the "letter" of His commandments? Or does He want you to keep both the "spirit" and the "letter" of His law?

Some believe the keeping of God's Ten Commandments is unnecessary for salvation. Many professing Christians believe they should keep nine of the commandments, the exception being the Sabhath command.

Sull others profess to beheve in "the Ten," but break the first and second commandments by reverencing idols, break the fourth commandment by substituting a counterfeit sabbath, or break other of "the, Ten" by their actual behef and practices.

#### A Déceived World

Your Bible reveals that Satan has deceived the "whole world."

And the founder of Christianitywarned: Take heed that no man deceive you" (Mati. 24:4). Furthermore, He foretold that "many false

prophets shall rise, and shall decease many "querse 199.

Faul also sounded the claim:
"But" said he, "eall men and seitsen that was worse and worse, decert that was being decribed"
(II Jam 3-13)

The spostle lohn, even in his flat, had to warm of "many anuchrists" (I lohn 2.18) He therefore altimomished. Beloved, believe not every spirit, but my the spirits whether they are of God, because many false prophets are gone our into the world" (I lehn 4.1).

Would they be successful in leading multitudes into error? And many shall follow their permississays, by reason of whom the way of multi shall be old spoken of (verse 2).

False teachers, with cunning deceptions, would become so diabolically effective, said Christ, that "if it were possible, they shall deceive the trees, elect" (Matt. 24:24).

Already, some of the "very elect" have listened to "falso feachers" and have been caught off balance.

#### The Yen Commandments

is obedience to the Ten Commandments necessary for salvation?

What did Jesus say?

When a young man asked Him, what he must do to receive eternal life. He told him to "keep the commandments" (Matt. 19:16, 17; cf., Mark 10:17-19).

Christ mentioned five of the Ten Commandments (Matt. 19:18, 19), and then quoted one of the two

Typeas' communitations rece Main 22-26-40; "Then their line the neighbour as theself (Main 19-19) Of colors, the other five automations were just as busing as the tree which Christ specifically energial.

Furthermore, lesses knew some would falsely teach that He came to "do away with" the commandances of God. He said: "Think not that I am come to destroy the law, or the prophets: I am not come to destroy, but to fulfill" (Mart 5.17).

Then, He warned: "Whosever therefore shall break one of these least communicates, and shall teach men so, he shall be called the least in the kingdoff of heaven but whosever shall do and teach them, the same shall be called great in the kingdom of heaven (verse 19)

Which of the commandments do you look upon as being the fleast? Is it the fourth commandment? The second? The third?

Christ did not do away with the law of Godo rather He magnification and made it glorious: He [Christ] will magnify the law, and make it bonourable (Isa 42:21).

But how did lie magnify the load of God? Notice how Christ enlarged the fixth commandment: "Ye have heard," said Christ, "that it was said by them of old time. Thou shalt not kill. But I say unto you, I hat whosever is angry with his brother without a cause shall be in danger of the judgment. "(Matt. 5:21, 22). "Whosever hateth his brother," said John, "is a murderer (I John 3:15).

Here is how Christ magnified the seventh commandment: "Ye have heard that it was said by them of old time. Thou shall not comman adul-

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term. But I say unto you. That whospewer locketh on a woman to lust after their hath committed adultory with her already in his hear?" (verses 27, 28).

Non what "law" or "laws" was it that Christ came to magnify the He come to enlarge or magnify the "corremonial," "samificial" or "rit-valuence" laws — as found in the law of Moses? Or did He come to magnify the "spiritual" law — commonly called the "moral" law — the Ten Commandments (Rom. 7:14)?

#### The Law of Moses

It is true that the entire "law of Moses" as given in the Old Testament is not totally applicable to Christians today. But this doesn't mean that all of the bass contained in the books which Moses wrote are meaningless today. Christ made the two great commandments of Leviticus 19:18 and Deuteronomy 6:5 just as binding on New Testament Christians as they were for those under the law of Moses: "Thou shall love the Lord thy God with all thy beart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy strength, and with all thy mind; and [you shall love] thy neighbour as thyself" (Luke 10:27).

God's law is upheld all the way from Genesis to Revelation. "Abniham obeyed my voice, and kept my charge, my commandments, my statutes, 'and my laws" (Gen. 26:5). Abraham mixed his faith (his belief) with works — with active obedience: "Was not Abraham our father justified by works, when he had offered Isaac his son upon the altar? Seest thou how faith wrought with his works, and by works was faith made perfect?" (James 2:21, 22.)

And yet there are those who think

Christians only need "faith" or "belief" — with no works, God's Word says we need to have both faith and works mixed together (James 2:14-22). So don't ever let anyone tell you there are "no works" for the Christian!

The New Testament reveals that it is not necessary for a believer to observe the entire "law of Moses." But this does not mean that none of Moses' commands are binding on the Christian!

A council of the New Testament Church (A.D. 49) concluded (among other things) that it was no longer necessary to keep the whole law of Moses. At that time centain men were teaching that Christians must be "circumcised after the manner of Moses" in order to be "saved" (Acts 15:1).

They taught that the law of Moses in its entirety must be kept. But there rose up certain of the sect of the Phansees which believed, saying. That it was needful to circumcise them; and to command them to keep the [entire] law of Moses (verse.).

The apostles, under divine inspiration, decided it was no longer necessary to practice circumicision, which was part of the Mosaic law.

They then wrote letters to all the churches explaining this matter. "Forasmuch as we have heard, that certain which went out from us have troubled you with words, subserting your souls, saying. Ye must be circumcised, and keep she law [of Moses – verse 5], to whom we gave no such commandment" (verse 24). The Gobule converts were informed what they should do to please God (verses 28, 29).

The question of obedience to

God's Ten Commandments was not even brought up at this council. Rather, they disputed about keeping the law of Moses with all, its washings, rituals, carnal ordinances, sacrifices, etc.

Later, Paul explained that "gifts and sacrifices" could not make the practitioner "perfect, as pertaining to the conscience; which stood only in ments and directs, and divers suchings, and carried ordinances, imposed on them until the time of references." (Heb. 9:9, 10):

Jesus taught men to worship God from the heart: "God is a Spirit: and they that worship him must worship him in spirit and in truth" (John 4:24).

#### Meaning of "the Law",

Many people get confused concerning the meaning of the word "law." The Hebrew word for law is torah, and the Greek word is nomes.

The word "law" (torah or nomos) is very broad and can mean many different things. It can refer to the Word of God, to the Five Books of Moses, to the Ten Commandments; or it can befer to sacrificial, ceremonial, ritualistic or carnal "law(s)" — all depending on its context.

When Christ said He did not come to "destroy the law," He was referring to the eternal "spiritual" (or moral) law of God — not to the ceremonial, sacrificial, ritualistic or carnal laws contained in the "law of Moses."

Likewise, when Paul spoke of the "law" he sometimes referred to the Ten Chemmandments, and at other times he plainly pointed to the 'lesser' laws contained in the law of Moses.

Notice bow Paul refers to the Ten

Commandments in the context of Romans 7:1-25. Paul commented:

I had not known via, but by the law for I had not known lust, except the law had said. Then shall not cover (verse 7).

The law here mentioned clearly refers to the Ten Commandments. Of this law, Paul says: "Wherefore the law is boly, and the commandment boly, and just, and good" (verse 12).

Furthermore, he plainly says:
"For we know that the law is spiritual"..." (werse 14).

Yes, the Ten Commandment law is "spiritual" and it is "boly." "just." and "good."

Pabl is not talking here about the nitualistic coremonial, santificial or carnal laws contained in the law of Mosco Rather, he clearly means the Ten Commandments (warse 7).

The Tesser laws' contained in the law of Moses were a "yoke" — but not the Ten Commandments.
Rather, they are called the "perfect law of liberty" (James 1-25). James also refers to the second great commandment as a "royal law" (James 2-20).

Clearly, in chapters one and two. James is referring to the "spiritual" law of God as contained in the two great commands, and further amplified in the Ten Commandments.

Did James think any of the Ten Commandments were "done away"? "For whosoever shall keep the whole law, and yet offend firansgress] in one point, he is guilty of all" (James 2-10). The Ten Commandments are like a chain having ten links. If one link (or one point) is broken, the whole is broken.

How many points are there in this law of which James spoke?

He mentions the commands against adultery and kalling (verse 11). Then he says that this "Law of liberty" is the law by which we will be judged (verse 12).

#### The Fourth Commandment

The Bible clearly enjoins God's people to keep the Ten Commandsments

Many "Obristians" of least profess to keep mine of the ten, but the founth commandment is the one that causes many to stumble. This in spite of the fact that leasts Christand His apostles kept God's Sabboth. Christ plainly said: "The sabbath was made for man." (Mark

lesus customarily kept the Sabbath – though not according to the bidebound traditions of the Pharisers (Luke 4:16; 6:6; 13:10-17; 14:1-6). We know the apostles also kept the Sabbath. And, of all people Paul the apostle to the Gentiles, kept the Sabbath (see Acts 13:14, 42, 43, 17:2:\18.4).

Was the Subbath changed from the severith to the first day of the week as some claum? Both Scripture and secular history prove than the

The Bible makes it amply clear that we are now to "worship God in spirit and in truth," but this does not mean we are to ignore the literal commandment—flagrantly violating the letter of the law.

carly New Testament Christians kept the Sabbath. Sunday observance came into popular usage by Christian-professing groups centuries after Christ and His spostles died The Empetor Constantine finally made Sunday the official day of worship in AD 321-323. (Write for our free booklets Wierk Day Is the Subbath of the New Testament? and which Day Is the Christian Subbath?)

Other Chrusten-professing teachers arrespot to spiritualize away the fourth combinedment. They claim to keep the Subbath every day of the week Notice how this is explained by one proponent of this false doctrace. Let us now turn our attention to the excell day weekly subbath. The subbath is a beautiful insulation. But through Christians

the physical subbath has been supersected by a perpetual our which Chair has an enfor its to-keep He are now experiment, in a stantial way. God's subbath every day of our lives."

Now this teacher fore contriber sometimes proof this God made all series and base are base any biblical authorny for the unsampoint executions. He put makes dogments burnen processoriems — with no appropriate actions whatsoes or.

Furthermore, the unit Subtach teacher wither The Christian that every day as a spiritual rest of subtach keeping, and there is no need to retain to the one-day-t-week physical subbath-which Istuel was required to observe under Moses.

But this teacher has no explain away a lot of surplimes. God says the Sebbath is the seventh day. He affirms it was made for manned for the lewish people God shows that this day was given as a day of physical sest and relaxation as well as a day of spiritual report. Thereof through worship of one's Creator.

Those who teach against keeping God's Sabbath must agnose the examples of Christ and Paul They wantly assume you can keep the other as days body when God has not made them body Remember, you can't keep water bod or cold taken it is first made criter bod or cold taken it is first made criter bod or cold taken it, you can't keep holy that which has not first been made body and make anything holy! Only God can make anything thous Calding rawe) body!

## Only Keep the "Spent" of the Law?

Some have concluded that we seed only keep the spirit of the law but not the letter.

What about it! Should a Chine tim observe God's law according to the "telet," the spirit, on Doth?

The Bible makes it amply dear, that we are now to "worthip God in spiral and in truth," but this does not

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ment we are it gives the ineral grammadement — Cappani, walking the lever of the daw

This usight due we must not some of must not some to be specified as some of the control of this some of the control of this some of the control of the cont

Acceptage on the second of the

In order to keep the communityments our month and beams percording to the true intent and purpose behind the laws, we must also keepythe tew in the fetter. Can we seeming thereal adultery or manples and yet obey the spurious intest of these atomous deserts? Of outure not

And the same applies to the fourth commandment. Truly, we should keep the Sabbath in the applies not doing out own thing on that day. We six to cease from our physical labors — just as God did after His six-day creation (Gen. 2:1-3. Heb. 4:4).

In other wirds, we must learn to a keep the Sabbath in the upins, acdording to God's or gizal lizient, but we must also keep the thereal seventh day. We cannot keep the Sabbath in our hearts, and is the same time do our normal work or business, pursue, worldly pleasures or other activities, and in keeping, with the spirit or intest on that body day.

Of course, there might be times when one would have to "break" the "no-work" letter of the Sabbath in order to "teep" the "spirit" or intent of that day. Examples would include emergenties, or saving himself doing bard day—even if a meant doing bard work.

#### Seved by Grace

No amount of good works or commissioners keeping so kind of cepti observance (whether the Ten Commendments or the researched samilina: or minicipal laws) and possifely analy as Keeping any law anneas freques as for the pair case (the sactations of the granual law of God) which we have atominised.

This is where the sampler of Choise of Choise comes on Choise's rich bits located was sufficient to pay the penalty for all the sins which managed has ever commuted for all summer! Therefore is a conjugate price (that) we are saved the first of the price of the penalty of the price of the penalty of the price of the penalty of the pen

Grace weeks something what as offered and the strength and the court of the court and co

The apostle John wrote: "And hereby do we know that we know him, if we keep his commandments. He that saith, I know him, and keepeth not his commandments, is a liar, and the truth is not in him?" (I John 2:3, 4).

So it is by His grace (His free gift) that we are uneed—not by our own works. But many other scriptures show that we many other scriptures above that we made obey God—we made have good within the by grace are ye award through faith and that not of yourselves it whee gift of God Not of works, lest any made thought bound for we are his workmanship, created in Christ lesses unto good works, which God hath before ordained that we should walk to there (Eph. 2.8, 9).

#### A Commandment-Keeping Church

Though no amount of commandment keeping will save anyone, montheres Gul commands obedience We are told to keep His commandments.

low Christ aspired His servant

Indus in write (Add Lensby we do and the their we know that we know that if we know his workers in a summand then the Reicher such is some that the that and the truth is not in their work is not in their interest in the interest in the interest in their interest in the interest

Builde Consider in in 30 deponds what is a community of 1800 hand beyond they are supplied of the beauties we seem the community of the beauties we seem the community means and do those things that are pleasing in the highly of both 1800 has been pleasing in the highly of both 1800 has been pleasing in the highly of both 1800 has been pleasing in the highly of both 1800 has been pleasing in the highly of both 1800 has been pleasing in the highly of both 1800 has been pleasing in the highly of both 1800 has been pleasing in the highly of both 1800 has been pleasing in the highly of both 1800 has been pleasing in the highly of both 1800 has been pleasing in the highly of both 1800 has been pleasing in the highly of the hig

Furthermore has same apostle gas empired to reveal that Gold's true Charles would be a command-ment-keeping Charles (Rev. 12.87)

Is communicated treput in portant? Does God intend that we't keep His Ten Communication — all ten?

My we be blessed out acep His commissioner is — or will be as some would have you believe be under a terrible curse? What does God say? Blessed are they that do his commonweals, that they may have eight to the tree of life, and may enter in through the gates into the only (Rey, 22:14)

Notice that this verse focus not say "Blessed are about who keep some of his communitations."

When leaves told the rich young man to "keep the commandments". He ticarly referred to the spirithal (or commonly called "moral") law of God (Matt. 19-16-19).

Will we repeat of sid — speat of breaking God's spinture and God commands he to repeat — to quid manage — to quid breaking His law '11 John 3-41.

David, a man after God's own heart, was unspired to say "O how love I thy low." It is my medication all the day" (fb. 119.97).

And leaish also know that obedience to the law of Gold is the only way to peace, happiness, prosperity and distract infe: "O that thou hades beattened so, my commendments; then had thy peace been as a river, and thy rightcouracts as the waves of the sea" (lea 49:18).

JESTION: "What did Jests mean by saying. Woman, what have I so do yet come? (John 2.4.) Also, since it was His medion He was talking on, why didn't He address her as mather? Does this conflict with the commandment: "Homor thy father and mother."

Vanhal, New Josey

MSWEET: Jesus onde made a similar statement in reply to a request from His brethren "lesus said to them, "My time has not yet come, but your time is always here" (John 7:6: RSV used throughout this section waless otherwise indicated). A like expression is renested in verse 30: So they saught to arrest him; but no one land hands on him, because his hour bud but yet come." Finally, just before His crucificion, lesus said to His disciples. The hour has come for the Son of man to be glori-Sed" (John 12:23; d., verse 27; 13-1, 17:19.

Says The New Roble Commentary.
Remark The relevance to the hour of Irrus is another characteristic of this plotter of Grapel. It recents an assurences of approaching cruss and climax, not only in the mind of the Exangelist [botho], but also in the mind of Irrus (p. 934).

To understand lone 2.4, let's conunder a similar conversation when
from was but swelve years old. His
family had gone to fermission to observe the Passoler. Unbeknowns to
fits parents, who were returning
home after the Feast of Unicavened
Bread, from had remained at lemvalent (in the Temple). They,
thought Him to be naveling with
freeds or relatives.

they relied on His depositebility and good judgment. Finally, when loseph and Mary would not find Him among their group, they removed to lemantem. When they refound the meeting in the conversation

And when they may have they were asconalized, and his modifier wood to burn Som; why, have your ineated us so? Behold, your failter and I have been looking for you ameniously." And the said to libert, "How is in than your sought me? Did you not know that I must be un my Faither's house? must be about my Father's business', KIVI' (Luke. 2:48-49). Jesus windowblodily gave special comphasis to some of the words. "Didn't you know, mother word whio have always caught me about God - that I mount be about Hus busumess y"

In had been about twelve years since this supermatural conception, and lessus may have been gently reminding this human guardians that the understood that this real parentage was of Goat and that the bad a special commission to fulfill on this carth so the very Son of Goat That goal seemed to be uppermost in the mind even as a young boy of twelve.

But motive the conclusion to the account. "And he went down with them and came to Nazareth, and was obsident to them..." (were 31). So black continued to respect and obey 11th parents while mattring physically and preparing for 186 to war mission.

In John 2.4. Intermedia appearance with a limited to this coming creation and recurrences to play when the replied to a request from this mother for a preming second second The expression appears to be another gentle reminder to ber of this most important calling. Of

contrae, lease did-bonor the widhes of less abother on this occusion (verses 5-10).

At this weathing fears, the occussion of Charit's Evel canada. Fears was about thing years old (a fally means of Luke 3.23. Numbers dants. of Luke 3.23. Numbers dants as woman. He was not daymonging ber on any sense. It was no some of distripped up the luxgrage of that day (Charist and Expen-

The fact that our Lord on the cross (Rober 19.26) whiterest this mouther by the same term with the wind is as the term lidy confined as the term lidy confined that the term in which term incided. See Mistible 15.28. Luke 13:12; John 4:21; 20.13' (Mindow's Commentary on the Gospels, p. 242).

Now notice the circumstances of this last glimpse of Mary before this bornble death: "When Jenus saw hus mother, and the disciple whom he had sanding mear, he said to his mother, "Wassan, behold your sub!"
Then he said to the disciple, "Behold your mother?" And from that hour the disciple took her to his own home." (John 19-26-27).

This is the perfect casimple of Bessa. Never was He goodly of breaking the fifth commandment. Chine observed it in its fullest spiritual intent (Mass. 5:17-19; Isa. 42:21), and taught others to do the same (Mass. 7:4:13).

O: Please let me know what you meant when you said Joses was a standard when the Bible says be was a carpenter."

John B.

St. Petersberg, Florida

A: In our specialized societies, carpeaters are thought of as those who

# <u>Q&A</u>

work with result and between comberly and previously serve as presenting mate and beauth

Blowever during the days of leads Three Transpersity and also seats there exists the following of the monder dwellings. Many of the three water a northernation of same, and and follow with here beams and former.

The time where leans upon making this carries in the carries in the large value of the carries in the large value of the large manual of the large value of the large

The homes of the wealther class were marked of architecture. A companier (od that time) would have been to companier (od that time) would have been according principles (working with block and takks levers and knowing from to be withink in the continuer of the

During Christ's time, and in the first time or thirty consumments are after, himse plant being included indies water which was delivered with a system of paper that could be cut and by water just as many monters becare traday.

Now being the uniqued reference: 'h) and that the corpenses is use?' (Nevil. 19:25), The New Bods. Commences in Best Commences in Commences in Best Commences in Commence

Q: "The a recent World Temorrem broadcast, Mr. Armstrong pointed and that no must have ever accorded case heaven, ming John 3-13 as his suprantice to back than up. But how about 11 Corinthians, 12-2 where Paul talks about a men who assembled into heaven? If no man has ascendied into heaven? If no man has ascendied anto heaven, then what is Paul talking about in the Corinthian passage! Please tentwer in The Good News, imagazine.

Devid R. L. Ladmane, Michigan

A Bot Teel Arminione contraints charped from them for the and that no main had ever assembled anotherned be about from 313 again. No one has assembled and them the about them that he who design mind them transact. The first and arminion of ever clearer. No one ever went up onto them a parent down toom from them are down toom them on the same flexual who came down toom them on the Som of Main whose thoose is farm presently an heimen.

hother 2.18 grimally wells as that seems both ascended anto beares and decreased the beares bad ascended the beares bad ascended the beares bad ascended the batter based ascended the batter based as the batter bat

One assessment bubbled primarple should be breaked in account from the primary of the primary of the primary of the light of all the place surjections on the highest of all the place surjections on the manic bubbella field. Julia 3-33 and other surjections are also been surjected as the parameter surjected are the primary of the parameter surjected as the parameter surj

Faul write: "I must bient there a menting to be grissed by at bes I will go on to assess and reactions of the fixed I know a mars in Christian [a Christian] who breakers years ago was caught up to the third beaver whether as the body or set of the body I do not know food know?

countries to the filter that appealing feature are therein and Resonance for the Character for the Character for the Character feature for the Character feature for the Character for the Chara

Milliant little in the provided of the medical little methods. I have methods to the companies of the following and the medical little little in the medical little little in the medical little in th

No current the flesh are known upon the give field presence of Golden member could be breither in the third brancon that another would be breither in the third brancon that would be breither in the third brancon that we have a present and the most of the most. No south space age many vite empedies his body of Paul's day.

Q. Will you please explain in poor and a large most of the most of

Mrs. J.H.C. Clinture, South Carplina

A lesconsis 4 23-25 states if the control of the carety and to it was waser and must said to the beavers and they had no light I knowed on the control of the control of the carety and by their were quaking and all the bulk served to and the light I know a to the care the carety and the bulk served to and the light I know a to the carety and the bulk served to the carety and the carety and the bulk served to the carety and the caret

A popular now of the sirrigent appears at his country themselvest period. Julying which the entire earth and suppresselly he decolors them to decolors that his his sold of livers in the hegonology tead to be him to be the high the high to the high the party of his his last that the liver his party last that the liver his make your chard a water look the whole earthly your chard a water look that whole earthly your chard a water look that whole earthly your chard a babinary will be ruled a water shabitant of the rules produce shabitant of the rules produce shabitant of the rules produce shabitant.

COOK MINE - ALE MIN

## A MESSAGE TO THE CHURCHES

Somewhere in the latter half of the first century of the Christian era, the apostle John was given a set of marrings to be delivered to seven local church congregations of that day. That message is as timely and meaningful today as it was when originally given.

By Burn Andrewell

to their of Reneinborn in ome of the most incomprehensible that in the Bible — and one of the mount of the mount of the meaning of the language detailed of the meaning of the language factors of the appeals follows.

The third out the book business and and profile the gradeness. Revelled the point of the point which the state of the point of the state of the point of the state of the stat

The message as a mode was discussed to serve a conference of the conference of the state of the

There were learn congregations which is a come comin had been addressed by Fact and cohere a carbon equation (for example, Epidemia). Each congregation had its one

engle species greatems — had called the form the form the form of these tonging moved to give had a greatement. He may moved to give had a moved to give

the have thought, in the pass, that the church may only only to his toward company present, but the types, of several company to a period from the church resuments on well the large of five return. Thus may well be true.

The purpose of this arracle homever is not so discuss the prophetic possibilities of these passages. It is so above that there is a powerful resulte for rodge's Charach as Good to show believes to the seven charaches! Therefore, for the purqueen of this arracle we will become our succession on the humanical appears of the message.

Each of the Seven church congregations was given a marriage Those naturals of the applied to the Church of God in all as a whole today. Speaking to all Churches of God in all ages, the prophery says. Blessed in the monds of thus prophery and keep the words of thus prophery and keep they are those through which are written there is a superior.

For and I can read that entire prophery tratey. We do beed and accep the things which are written there and we can receive a blooming for the decay!

#### Ephonia - Fyzi Love Lest

The church at Ephenia (Rev. 2:1-7) was used of the leading congregations in Ann. Moore The aposite Paul and corner used that cry us a base of operations for the every that efforts throughout the course region. They had been given a great deal of knowledge and cought also foods will be Christians. They had shared of with he Christians. They had shared of with a basis of special

used and them had begin to fixile begin they had that much of their winded and and five for the Word of God and the way of life they had muchanked apon.

Therefore God wanted them:
Then have left the first love. Remember therefore from whence
there are fallen, and repent, and do
the first worder. "(Rev. 2:4-5).

Here is a visual warning for castay's Christians shall out when they are discovered by Christians that out discovered by Christ. The new is often beady wine to the tyro. He often beady wine to the tyro. He often beady wine to this fittends and requestly alkanates them in an doing!) He loves his Saviour. Ferms Christ, with his whole being.

Sun after a stille the "novelty" wears off. His adoration of Jesus Christ begins to want. Everything becomes "old hat." He knows it all. The flyme of initial excitement flickers and dissimilates.

Del you begin with great zeal for the truth of God only to find your-self drifting was spiritual lethargy as the years pass? This spiritual drifting to be found. The church at Ephesius

Will wow?

#### Smyrna — "Faithful Unio Dhath"

The Live of Smyres was the site of accepted congregation of the Church of Good (Rev. 2:8-11). Church commended them for their works (who says Christians are not supposed to have works?). He propheried of a time of intense personal actually deliver many of them into prison. They were told to the into prison. They were told to

GOOD HEES AND 1955

Are you a "fair-weather Christian"? Does your Christianity remain intact only so long as the going is easy? Do you falter in a time of adversity? God says: "If thou faint in the day of adversity, thy strength is small" (Prov. 24:10). Are you committed to Christ and His Church? Or will you endure only so long as the going is comparatively easy?

The apostle Paul encouraged the congregation at Rome to allow nothing to separate them from the love of Christ.

"Who shall separate us from the love of Christ? Shall tribulation, or distress, or persecution, or famine, or nakedness, or peril, or sword? As it is written, For thy sake we are killed all the day long; we are accounted as sheep for the slaughter.... I am persuaded, that neither death, nor life, nor angels, nor principalities, nor piowers, nor, things present, nor things to come, nor height, nor depth, nor any other creature, shall be able to separate us from the love of God, which is in Christ Jesus our Lord" (Rom. 8:35-39).

The time may well come in your lifetime and mine when true Christians will again be martyred for their beliefs. Those who will persecute us will actually become convinced that they are doing God a service in persecuting the Church of God! (Compare Matthew 10:21-23, 28, 24:9-10; John 16:2.)

God's warning to the congregation at Smyrna was "be thou faithful unto death"! And it's also a message that comes ringing down with ominous import and significance for today's Christian!

#### Pergamos — Idolatrous Doctrines

The congregation at Pergamos (Rev. 2:12-17) was guilty of several

fundamental errors in God's sight,

"But I have a few things against thee, because thou hast there them that hold the doctrine of Balaam, who taught Balac to cash a stumblingblock before the children of Israel, to eat things sacrificed unto idols, and to commit fornication. So hast thou also them that hold the doctrine of the Nicolaitans, which thing I hate" (verses 14-15).

The church at Pergamos had a liberal attitude toward idolatrous practices similar to those long ago condemned in the Word of God (compare Numbers 25:1 and 31:16). God Rates idolatry and all of its associated accountrements! Most of the pagan, idolatrous religions were associated with rank, hedonistic sexual promiscuity. Temple prostitutes were frequently involved.

Many of today's so-called Christian practices — such as the observance of Christmas and Easter, with the accompanying "kissing under the mistletoe," hot-cross buns, "Ishtar" bunnies, sunrise services, etc., have their origins in paganism. The same is true of Valentine's day, Halloween, and other special days.

God soeks those who worship Him in spirit and in truth (John 4:24). He does not accept the "Christianization" of pagan, practices in His worship. He thunders: "Thus saith the Lord, Learn not the way of the heathen." For the customs of the people are vain..." (Jer. 10:2-3). (Be sure to write for our free booklets The Plain Truth About Christmas, The Plain Truth About Easter and Pagan Holidays—or God's Holy Days—Which?)

## Thyesire — Idolatry and Adultery

The Thyatirans (Rev. 2:18-29) were apparently allowing similar

idolatrous practices to creep into their worship of God. They were influenced by a self-proclaimed "prophetess" named Jezebel. Like the Jezebel of old, she was an idolatrous person who seduced the leaders of God's Church in that congregation to permit evil practices within, the Church.

The term "fornication" in verse 20 probably applies to such practices as temple prostitution and sexual promiscuity in connection with idol worship. The church was permitting this harlot of a woman to actually influence the leaders of the congregation!

While such practices are not commonplace in the Western world today (i.e., temple prostitution and gross idol-worship), we certainly do have our "sophisticated" versions of such things.

Anything or anyone allowed to come before God in the Christian's life becomes an idol. We are called to worship God — not angels, men, or objects of wood and stone. God has never sanctioned bowing down before carvings of "saints" or members of the divine family. In fact, the second great commandment specifically forbids it (Ex. 20:4-5). The last thing the apostle John wrote in the first of his three epistles was: "Little children, keep yourselves from idols." Amen" (I John 5:21).

#### Sardis — Spiritual Senility

The congregation at Sardis (Rev. 3:1-6) was indeed a part of the Church of God. "... Thou hast a name that thou livest, and art dead."

Here was a weak congregation. One by one they were letting the basic tenets of their faith slip through their fingers. There were a few zealous ones in that church—a tiny minority who were still zealous

of God's way. "Thou hast a few names even in Sardis which have not defiled their garments..." (verse 4). But the majority of the congregation was dying on the vine. Spiritual senility was setting in. They had one foot in the grave.

God warned them to "Be watchful [vigilant], and strengthen the things which remain, that are ready so die ..." (verse 2).

The Church of God today must take serious heed of these words. We too must constantly strengthen and reaffirm the basic tenets of our belief. We must continually renew our relationship with God and maintain zeal and enthusiasm for God's way of life.

As Paul wrote to the Galatian congregation: "And let us not be weary in well doing: for in due season we shall reap, if we faint not" (Gal. 6:9). He told the Thessalonians the same thing (II Thess. 3:13).

God's people today must never tire of doing the Work of preaching Christ's gospel. We cannot let down in our efforts to overcome our own personal character flaws. We must always maintain a spiritual "high" in our relationship with God and with His Church. There is no place for "spiritual semility" in this dynamic age of dramatic happenings. The Church of God must march on with ever increasing zeal and drive toward the ultimate goal of the glorious Kingdom of the living God!

#### 

Jesus told the disciples: "In my Father's house are many mansions... I go to prepare a place for you. And if I go... I will come again..." (John 14:2-3). God is even now preparing positions of rulership in His Kingdom for those who have been called in this age. Each born-again son and daughter of God will be granted a crown of rulership in the coming Kingdom of God.

God's only warning to the Philadelphian congregation was "...hold that fast which thou last, that no man take thy crown" (Rev. 3:11).

Perhaps God had a particular collective responsibility in mind for that congregation. But the warning was also to the members in particular. Each member of God's Church has a position of rulership awaiting him in the Kingdom. If he does not realize and claim that reward, it must be given to someone else!

God warhs all Christians to hang on to their individual crowns. Don't let go of the things which God has given you. Don't flake out. Don't give up on God and His way of life—ever! No matter what happens—never let go! Claim your personal crown of life for yourself. Don't allow it to be given to anyone else because you failed to remain faithful!

#### Laodicean - Lukewarminess,

The church congregation at Laodicea (Rev. 3:14-22) was lukewarm and self-satisfied. They thought of themselves as "having it made."
"... Thou sayest, I am rich, and increased with goods, and have need of nothing; and knowest not that thou are wretched, and miserable, and poor, and blind, and naked" (verse 17).

The Landiceans were blind to their own spiritual condition. They did not realize how far down the road they had gone into lukewarmness and spiritual lethargy. They measured their spiritual state or condition by their material wealth, which is a false criterion.

They were counseled to refine their character — to "buy of me gold tried in the fire..." (verse 18). They were admonished to seek the true riches which come only from God (see Luke 16:11).

A spirit of complacency — of self-satisfaction — is dangerous to any Christian. There will never come a time in this life when the Christian can sit back on his laurels and say with smug self-approval, "I've got it made." Never!

Even the mighty apostle Paul himself said: "... I count not myself to have apprehended..." (Phil. 3:13). Paul didn't think he had it in

the bag. He pressed toward the ultimate goal of his calling. He was never content to coast on into the Kingdom. Every day was a battle against sin, temptation, the devil, and the influence of an evil society.

Paul fought, wrestled and waged war against the spiritually wicked influence by which he was surrounded in his day. He was a titanic example of zeal. He fought the "good fight." He ran his race with the intention of winning. And he won!

But you and I are still struggling in this physical life. We still have the Kingdom ahead of us. We have not yet been apprehended. We must never let down and allow ourselves to become self-satisfied and complacent. We owe it to ourselves to heed the warning given to the church at Laodicea.

#### Summary

It is evident that the warnings given to all seven of the church congregations located in Asia Minor in the first century have powerful and significant meaning for today's Church of God. Today's Christian must attain to the "faith once delivered." He must strive to gain a clearer understanding of that faith. He must keep himself free from false doctrine, idolatry, sexual uncleanness, impurity in any form, and be wary of the influence of false teachers.

God's people today must avoid the pitfalls of spiritual senility — of laziness and self-satisfaction. We must remain zealous and enthusiastic about the faith we have been given. We must let no one else claim the crown which God has reserved for each one of us!

"He that hath an ear; tet him hear, what the Spirit saith unto the churches"!

#### COMING SOON!

Tens of thousands die daily of starvation while millions live with the ever present specter of famine and: shortage, is that all there is for them? What is their ultimate destiny? Why were they born in the first place? Fleed "In the Image of God" coming next month in the May issue.

## Letters

#### Seven Proofs of God's Church

Your articles about the proofs of God's Church in The Good News are very interesting and reassuring. I am currently a member of God's Church in Washington and these articles seem to be hitting isome. I am convicted deeply that I'm in the Church of God, and I am 100% in back of the ministry. I've been recently baptized—that was so encouraging. Anyway, although I am sure of God's Church, I wish to gain more background and knowledge on the subject. I have read some booklets, but now if I read them they will have even a deeper meaning.

Bellevue, Washington

#### Cartoon in GN?

Is was shocked to see that we have resorted to degrading our Good News by a drawing in it on page 32 by Brian Knowles—[the caption was:] "I hear they're a mon-prophet organization." If you have to resort to filling the Lord's book or magazine with rash like that, then you can forget about hav support. To me you are making a mockety of those that wear the cloth. I hope that space next month is filled with an apologian deepood people who have supported your

Claude P., Cassopolis, Machigan

Is God devoid of humor?

#### One Man's Blood

I enjoyed reading the article "One Man's Blood" (on page 13 in the December 1974 Good News), plus a question and answer on page, 23 conforming the blood of Jesus Christ. An article like this certainly proves the 11th concerning the doctrine of the blood of Christ and its importance for a single's federaption.

Miss Mary H., Truro, Nova Scotia

#### le God a Trinity?

In a recent issue of The Good News, you stated that I John 5:7 was inscried by early copylets. You also stated that "there are no really clear scriptural references to substantiate Trinituranism in general or I John 5:7 in particular." I would respectfully request that you review the first chapter of Grenesis and notice verse 26 in which God said. "Let be make man in our own image after our own likeness." If you will research the origin of the English word "God" from the origin of the English word "God" from the origin of the Word (Eddison, if I'm not mining of the word (Eddison, if I'm not mining of the word (Eddison, if I'm not mining of the word (Eddison, if I'm not minimals) is plural in that language.

Charles C.
Silver Springs, Florida

a. The Hebrew word for "God" stord in Gimesis 1:1 and 26 is "Elohim." "Elohim" is plural in form like our English words "family." "group." "church," "croud," etc. Theset terms are often regarded as singular and sake a singular serb form, but they all containmore that one member. That number is not insisted to three.

At present, the Godhead is dual — God the Father and Christ the Son. However, it is fully open to other members who meet the qualifications. The apostle Paul stated that Jesus Christ'was "the firstborn among many brethren" (Rom. 8:29). You need our two free booklets "Why Were You Born?" and "Is God a Trinity?" They will explain all of these concepts in detail.

#### Co-Worker Letter

Having read your letter dated 4th December and sympathizing that even God's Work has been affected by inflation, amongother problems, there still remains the knowledge that God's plans will succeed. It will be very difficult to glauge exactly when your task has been fulfilled according to His will so do have faith, as always in the past, that He will assist and guide you as brilliantly as in the past.

Enclosed herewith please find a donation, which even to me seems inadequate in terms of your need, but feel assured that with responses from others. He will enable you to struck your budget to meet Hisrequirements.

M. H. Felixion, South Africa

#### Made To Feel Welcome

I am waiting for the pastor of the Worldwide Church of God from Youngstown. Mr. Eugene Noel, to return, so I can talk to kirn sabout being, baptized. I know I am trilly ready to join God's family. I have attended Church in Youngstown and I love it. The people are just wonderful. I thought I'd feel but of place but I didn't, not for a minute. So many people came right up and introduced themselves, I really felt welcome. I can't wait to become a member so that I can make someone feel the same way.

Mrs. Karen B.

Deerfield, Ohio

I made my first visit to the Worldwide Church of God at London this past Sabbath day. To say the least, I was over-whelmed by the genuine warmsth and friendliness of each member. The hymns were truly beautiful. The minister, Mr. Mervin Dahlgren, reminds me of Garner Ted Armstrong in that he holds the attention of his lesteners and delivers the measure mech a clear, authoritative way that it left no doubt in my mind that I was listening to the truth from a true minister of God.

Mrs. Lois L., Kenvir, Kentucky

 Would you like a private appointment with a minister of the Worldwide Church of God?
 Full ideads are available in the personal counsel box on page 1.

## **Public Bible Lectures**

Many hundreds write us each year asking about our views of today's prophesied crises as well as our answers to biblical questions in a further effort to provide more direct help for such people, and to help provide meaning in this confused and troubled time, the Worldwide Church of God is sponsoring public Bible lectures in hundreds of cities across the United States.

The lectures will be small in size to enable more direct perticipation by those who are interested. Question-said-answer sessions will follow each lecture onable those with specific questions the opportunity to receive greater help.

In the coming months each of our American readers will receive letters of invitation to the lecture nearest them. We sincerely hope that you will take the opportunity to attend. We're sure that you will find the meetings both stimulating and internation

both stimulating and interesting. Each lecture will be conducted by an ordained minister of the Worldwide Church of God: Attendance at the lectures will not tendance at the lectures will not bring you under obligation in any way. Admission is totally free and without charge. We simply want to share with you our longeled to share with you our longeledge of what the Bible says about today's world conditions and how it affects your personal future.

If you wish more personal counsel or information concerning the Worldwide Church of God, you may obtain the telephone number of the minister nearest you by calling this toll-free number in the continental United States: 800-423-4444. Readers in California, Alaska and Isawais should call 213-577-5225 collect.

GOOD HEWS AND 1975

The Good News

Pasadena, California 91123

attend — or whether you attend at all?

Religion is once again on the upswfrig Bizarro sects are proinferating, and the traditional organizations are experiencing reganizations making any difference in today sworld?

Does religions making any difference in today sworld?

Does religions making any difference in today sworld?

Does religion really matter? It
only matters it there is an allpowerful God who has something
to say about it.
Jesus Christ said. I will build
my church? and again. I will
never leave you of forsake you.
Christ gave certain signs by
which His church could be Identified. He said He would do a great
work through His church — in our
age, today! Where is that church
now?

Today? We think you'll find most enlightening.

The coord Mews. Pasader Campring 97123. Or, if you is configurate the U.S. see inside in