12 easy steps to understanding the Bible

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a man truly educated unless he knows WHAT HE 157 And unless he knows why be is, whether there is any purpose or meaning to life, and what that is? And unless he knows where he is going in the end? And unless he knows the true values from the false and THE WAY to such desired con peace, happiness, prosperity, and the enjoyable, pleasant, and interesting life?

Right now many high school seniors

Right now many night school schools are facing the problem of whether to go on to college – and if so, which college. If I were a young man or young woman facing that question. I'm very sure – knowing what I know now – that I would want to know which college or university Teaches these things. I'm sure I'd want to attend the school of higher learning which would teach me not merely how to earn a living - pardon me, I mean an existence - but the one which would teach me now To LIVE!

Did you ever wonder why it is that nearly everybody wants to live a life that is pleasing, enjoyable, interesting --without boredom; aches, pains, suffering, or unpleasant environments or circumstances? And yet, nearly everyone experiences a hundre for something experiences a HONOGE for something that will really satisfy, and yet, somethow, he newer finds it except at brief intervals that never seem to last.

When this Work of God was only

When this Work of God was only about two years under way, or three – in Eugene, Oregon, and I was, most of the time, preaching in evilagelistic campaigns about six nights a week, broad-cisting every Sunday, editing and mimeographing Plain with, and counselling with sources of people. I thund the control of something columns assume that it is not to be a sourced of something columns assume that it is not to be a sourced of something columns as with the sources of the source need of something relating something to get my mind for a little while off of these serious problems and this driving activity Mrs Afmstrong and I found a total change, mentally in attending occasional basketball games at the Ur sity of Oregon basketball pavilion, MacArthur Court At that time the University of Oregon had a team of sophomorgs and one senior which looked like

And sure enough, in their senior Jear these boys went on to win the first na-tional chainpionship late winter of 1939 Etak was the first year the NCAA had a national playoff leading to a national championship

Even today we can find in occasional change of pace by attending a game. There we will see thousands being There we will see thousakds being hrilled by scintillating play. Are these basketball "fans" enjoying life? If you ask them, at the moment, the shawer might be "you bet!" Are they bored? Not during the excitement of the game! Do they feel a sort of mental, emotional or spiritual hunger? Not during the thrill of the game."

But after the wame - then what? Why, after the game is over and the "fans" have gone home, do they experience a letdown - until the next game, or the next experience of some pleasure?

I got to wondering. After the game, I

don't experience any letdown / don't have to suffer the experience of EMPTI-NESS, boredom, or this sort of sout hun-ger — whatever it is — until the next exciting entertainment. As a matter of fact, I find my life interesting, invigorating, stimulating, satisfying, and abundant at all times! It is tremendously exciting at times. But it is never boring, never dull, never discontented!

WHY? What's the difference?

I know what's the difference. I want to

tell you what it is The answer is bound up in these questions I asked at the beginning of this Personal talk with my readers

I have learned what man IS!

I have learned that man was put on

this earth for a PURPOSE, and Lhave learned what that purpose IS! I have learned now to fulfill it I have learned WHAT the true values are, and what are the false. And I have learned the secret of a full, abundant interesting, enjoyable life! Not merely during a basket-ball game or some occasional entertainment! ALI THE TIME!

I have learned the way to peace of mind, to invigorating, satisfying always interesting living I have learned why, I am here, where I am going, and the way to get there I'm on my way there now, and the journey is more interesting; than I can tell you! There's never a letdown. There used to be years ago before I Jearned these answers. But not any more!
Yes, if I were a young man graduating

from high school. I'd look for the college or university that would teach me what I am, why, and what are the TRUE VAL. UES. I'd want to learn something more than merely a profession for earning an Personal from...

income Money can't buy happiness or contentment, or the things that really satisfy - CONTINUALLY, without ever a

But I am no longer & lad of eighteen. I'm even older than Jack Benny's nine. And I not only know these an-swers, but I know also that there is only ONE PLACE ON EARTH where a student may learn these answers that are worth more than all the money in the world But, for that matter, when you learn these answers and apply them, you don't have to worty about money - for the very application of these principles

rings economic security

The only college or university on earth that teaches these MOST IMPOR-TANT areas of knowledge are the two Ambassador Colleges at Pasadena, California, and at Big Sandy, Texas

People remark that they never have seen such a happy atmosphere as the Ambassador College campus
"Why, all your students seem to really

enjoy life," they say "They seem alive, alert, full of spark and interest - and

"You're right," I reply "They oo and they ARE!"
When I started writing the first paragraph of this fersonal talk what I had in mind was to tell you what man IS I intended to show you that science doesn't really know. What we call ed. cation in the usual sense, as dissemi-nated at coneges and universities, generally doesn't know And they can't teach what they themselves do not

The philosophic approach of modern education is that of the ancient Greek and Roman philosophers. And they didn't know the answer.

But here I have rapped out four typed

pages of this talk on my office type-writer, and I have been informed that I 2 am aiready past the usual deadline for getting this to the printers, so I'm afraid getting this to the printers, so I'm alread -I cannot take time to get that answer into this present talk. It ought to take ten to twenty typed pages to explain it, anyway. So it probably would be better to write it as a full article later on.

But don't think you already know the

I thought I did; yet I did not know the full answer until just recently. When we STOP GROWING in knowledge, we're through I don't propose to be through yet if keeping my mind open to new truth, when it is ravven to be truth, will keep me going. I think I can guarantee the answer will surprise you. Just what ARE you? What IS a

human being?
, Yes WHA17

The TRUE answer I think, is not only thrilling and exciting, but it is also im-

PORTANT! . By the way if you are facing this question about whether to attend college or which college. I suggest you write for the Ambassadors offee catalog.

Send byour request for the catalog to Admissions Office, Ambassador College, 300 West Green Street, Pasadena, California 91123. The latest catalog will give you full information and will be mailed to you as soon as possible.

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CAMPAIGNING BEGINS FOR 1976 GERMAN ELECTIONS

Unlike the still-confused American election derby, the battle lines in Bonn are well defined.



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WORLDWATCH

The gleeful exposure of every CIA activity could have serious consequences for America's security.



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BRIDGING NATIONAL DIFFERENCES

Columnist Stanley R. Rader reports on his conversations with three recent Japanese prime ministers.



ORCHIDS AND ONIONS

Our readers respond to the "Personal From the Editor," "The New Civil War," and "The Sugar Conspiracy"



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HOW WILL WE FEED

THE WORLD'S 6 BILLION?

In the second installment of our new series, Human Survival, Plain Truth examines the immense problem of feeding the earth's exploding population.



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SCIENCE REDISCOVERS SIN

At recent scientific conferences, one might mistake leading scientists for being theologians in disguise.



BRITAIN "BREWING UP" TROUBLE FOR EEC

In his "Speaks Out" onlumn, Editor Garner Ted Armstrong makes some firsthand observations of Britain's economic problems.

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RADIO/TV LOG-

In recent months, Garner Ted Armstrong added dozens of new radio and TV markets. Maybe YOUR area now carries his voice.

THE MIDEAST IN 1976-MORE OF THE SAME?

by Keith Stump

Since earliest antiquity, the Middle East has been the setting for countless wars, reneated invasions, and frequent domination by foreign powers. Those through-rout history who have made their homes on their strategic land bridge — lying astride the traditional routes of trade and communication between three continents — have done so with the certain knowledge that one day they would have to fight to defend them.

The current conflict between Jew and Arab in the Middle East is actually a relatively recent phenomenon Chritizations of the distant past fought there even before plews and Arabs — both the progeny of the distant past fought there even before plews and Arabs — both the progeny of the patricesh Abreham — existed as a people. Later Assyrians and Babylonians invaded the land, carrying the people of Israel lifto capitity. Subsequently, the Romans Seguit Turks, Crusaders, and Ottomens — among others — waged war on the covered soil, occupying the row raying lengths of time. Napoteon a armies sweep across its barren deserts And early in this century. Arab and British forces ousted the occupying turks.

It was really not until the exit of the quarter-century-long British mandate over Palestine in 1946, that the national armies of israel and the Arab states first claimed in the arab coused the contiern of the entire world onto the conflict which in times past might have otherwise been viewed as of only regional significance. Now the literal survival of many nations — expectability those of Western Europe — rests on who controls the region. So the outsiders watch with concern wondering when the estranged children of Abraham will again shed one another a blood.

War In '767

War in 767

Will war again flare up in the Middle East this year? In a sense the war has never stopped Guerrita rade, air strikes, and terrorist bombings are daily reminders of the unsettled Arab Israel dispute Whether a litth Null scale conflict may erub it as impossible injustion to access with any degree of certainty. The volatile Middle East defless prediction.

There are factors however which provide a few indications, but they can be homore than that

vide a few indications, but they can use vide a few indications, but they can use vide a few indications than that Firstly continuing rivalry in the Arab world may orevent at least temporarily, a resumption of the Arab-far self conflict. For over nine months, a bitter civit warhas bean under way in Lebaron between Moslem lettists and right-wing Christian Falangists, claiming thousands of lives deedles disrupting that once serene, commercially anargetic nation, the fight-

ing has set Syria and Egypt-to feuding.

ing has set Syria and Egypt to feeding, each accusing the other of interfering in the control. Syria and ting, winch have been making beparate initiatives toward ending the Lebanese conflict, have also been wangling over each other is moves. The Syria-Egypt quarrel over Lebanon comes on top, of already strained relations. The two countries have been engaged in britter potemics because of Syria's opposition to the controversial Sinai disengagement accord reached list summer between Egypt and Israel Syria, the Palestinian Liberation Organization (PLO), and other radical Arab states have labelled the accord a "sellout" branding Egypt a "insure to the Arab cause. Syria feels the accord has taken Egypt out of the bettle. "Leaving Syria a skeptical about the prospects for further Mideast diplo macy.—Is pushing for the formation of anothern furth with itsrael.

On sequently, Syria — skeptical about the prospects for further Mideast diplo macy.—Is pushing for the formation of a morthern furth with itsrael.

On the prospects for further Mideast diplo macy.—Is pushing for the formation of a morthern furth with itsrael.

On the prospects for further the Mideast diplo macy.—Is pushing for the formation of a morthern furth with itsrael of the prospects for further the Mideast diplo macy.—Is pushing for the formation of a morthern furth with its accordance with the prospective formation of the formation of the cases, with our cases, without Egypt's participation. If Dickering with fire can be overcome such a coastion may eventually be possible. Many observers feet that economically troubled Egypt on the utiter hand, will want to spend this year concentrating on the exploitation of the Sinai of India's reportant owned this year concentrating on the exploitation of the Sinai of India's reportant owned with or war will be inevitable yet israel Prime Almortant owned and the section in the United Sinais the Justice of the section in the United Sinais the Latin is and a factor in the war of the potention.

The presidential election in the United States the fall is also a factor in title war or-peace equation. Washington would

or peace squation. Weathington would unquestionably prefer a more or less rangul Middle East during the campaign months and will updoubtedly exert its influence accordingly.

And finally, the Kremkin too would unquestionably prefer a now are un-peace attuation, this year thinking it wise to attuation this year thinking it wise to stought of the control of the cont tinue to thring in-depth articles on the many aspects of this vital tupic. ()





CAMPAIGNING BEGINS FOR 1976 GERMAN ELECTIONS

As 1976 begins, West Ger-

As 1976 begins, West Oct-mans like Americana, are begin-ning to turn their attention to their coming fall elections. But unlike the still confused American campaign the battle lines in West Germany are clear-cut and well defined. The clear-cut and well defined. The contending parties have already put their internal party squabbles behind them and have settled upon their candidates for chanceltor in the October federal election.

The decks have thus been cleared for a vigorous national campaign which is already moving into full swing.

Surface Unity

At its biannual congress in the industrial city of Mannheim in November, the rolling Social Democratic Party (SPD) patched up, for the most part a three-way ideological split in the party to achieve at least a surface show of unity. The SPD is headed by former Chancellor willy Brandit party charmany and current - hancellor Helmut Schmidt (sive charman). The split lead involved the radical leftist faction of the party (the "Young Socialists" or At its biannual congress in

radical tetrist faction of the party (the "Young Socialists" or Juan) the moderates and the party's "ignly wing."

A consensus was finally achieved however and Brankli and Schmidt were over whelmingly reelected to their natividities.

party offices
Schmidt the incumbent chancellor who succeeded to the office in May 1974 after the resignation of Brandt in the wake of an espionage scandal, was predictably named as the party's chancellor candidate in the coming election

A Deadlock in the Bunderstag:

Political observers hold out
little possibility of the SPD's
gaining an absolute majority in
the Bunderstag (the lower house
of parliament) in the fall election Recent public opinion
polls indicate that only an estimated 41% of the vote will go to
the SPD' the SPD

To retain power, therefore, the SPD will have to maintain its coalition alliance with the small fiberal Free Democratic Party (FDP), with which it has been in partnership since 1969. The FDP, headed by Chairman Man Cherch Comments and Comments a

man Hans Dietrich Genscher man trans Diction Genescher (also foreign minister in the Schmidt cabinet), will com-mand about 9% of the elector ate, according to corrent estimates. The socialist liberal coalition, therefore, is expected to pull in roughly 50% of the ballots

Though the two coalition partners have had their share of partners have had their share of disagreements, little chance: is seen of an actual breakup at this time (Prior to 1969 the FDP had been affied with the SPD's rival, the conservative Christian Democratic Union)

The opposition CDO headed by Chairman Helmut Kohl (governor of the Rhineland-Palatinate state), along with its Bavarian "sister" party the Christian Social Union (CSU), also commands a combined 50% of the electorate, according

close battle between the two coalitions is thus indicated for the fall election
(Continued on page 4, col 5)

GROWING SOLIDARITY IN THE COMMON MARKET

BRUSSELS. The European Community of Common Mar-ket, is increasingly speaking on the international scene with one voice: Some examples are • In the United Nations the

nine have adopted a common Euronine have adopted a common euro-pead position on major issues.

At the 27-nation north-south distingue begun this past.
December in Paris, the nine have-been represented by a single spokesman As a reflection of its ever increasing importance as the world's greatest trading bloc, the I C has two co-chairmanships on the four committees created to work throughout the year. No other nation or group of nations was granted more than one chair-

was granted more than one chair-manship

• The nine Community na-tions jointly signed the final act of the European security confer-ence in Helsinki last August when Italy 5 Prime Minister Aldo Moro signed in his capacity as President of the European Council.

• During several sessions of the Euro-Arab dialogue held last year, a single European delega-

the Euro Azab dialogue held last year, a single European delegation was-present as a joint community cooperation exercise.

After the Dublin community summit last March the nine offered their united accysees toward helping achieve a peaceful resolution of the Cyprus sproblem. The Common Market has association agreements with the three countries concerned.

Greece Lurkey and Cyprus.

The Community last year established a new European unit of account based on a community discount based on a community discount based on a com-

established a new European unit of account based on a com-posite "basket" of the nine com-munity currencies. The members further agreed to in-troduce a uniform passport in 1978, in addition to holding Eu-

rope-wide elections on the same day, in the spring of 1978, to elect representatives to the Eu-ropean parliament. As much cohesion as these

As much cohesion as these moves show, there are yet major changes needed before the Community-can achieve its professed goat - a European union by 1980.

Gaston thorn, premier, and foreign minister of Luxembourg who is also the current president of the EC Council of Minister at the care of the an interest with

isters, stated in an interview in the European odition of News-week " it's impossible to the European odition of Newsweek "it's impossible to
continue on present lines
under present conditions, we
don't solve them"

To addition to procedural
changes needed in the present
structure, there are other areas

structure, there are other areas that need profound alteration and, in some cases, bold new initiatives if Europe is to consolidate its growing strength in world, affairs. These other areas include the need for common solutions of defense of the common solutions.

include the need for common policies in defense, foreign affairs, and energy, to mention the most important. Yet for all the petty squabbles that surface from month to month among the member states, the words with ten by Anthony Sampson several years ago in his book. The New Europeans, hold equally true today "However bitter the arguments at Brussels, the Common Market remains a new kind of forum where national rivalries take for granted a common objective. The new machinery is still working, still influencing people and bringing them together." — Ray Kosanke tional rivairies take for granted

The Vatican's **New Activism**

Pope Paul VI has recently launched major diplomatic of a ting for Arab goernilas fensives in two critical areas of the world the Middle tast and Europe

The Valican Secretarist for councements over the past here.

tensives in two critical areas of the world the Middle dast and Europe

The Valican Secretariat for non-Christians has come our strongly for a Middle hast peace settlement which includes recognition of the rights of Pal-catinians and a special status for Christian holy places in Israel not take the large in trade and the large large in the large in the border. At the same time the Vatican is pressuring the large loveriment to release Archbishop Hilarion Capucci who is now serving a

years which show strong sympa thy with Third World causes seem to imply an increasing papal preference for coming down on the Arab side of gire briddle East equation. The effects rethat equation the effects fe-main to be seen though it seems likely that the Vatican will benefit from the increasing diplomatic solution of Israel Pope Paul has also initiated several peace moves in Leba-

non On November 10 he dis-patched his personal envoy, Cardinal Paoli Bertoli, to con-duct talks with warring Chris-tian and Moslem leaders Cardinal Bertoli personally bore a letter from the pope to Lebanon's President Suleiman Franjich to convey the pontiff's Franjich to convey the pontiff's "sympathy and readeness to make every effort to restore peace between the conflicting parties." While the Vatican ef-forts it Lebanon have met with title success thus far the sig-nificant fact is the poper's will-ingues to personally becomes mythest in a Middle Park dismisingness to personally become involved in a Middle East dispute

Meanwhile in Europe, the Catholic Church has launched its biggest offensive against communism since Pius XII excommunicated communist voti ers in 1949. The Italian bishops

conference recently dropped the bombshell statement that "one cannot be simultaneously a Christian and a Marxist" Coming as it does after years of "dia-logue between Catholics and logue between Catholics and Markists in order to establish some sort of common ground, the declaration underscores the Vatican's fear that Italy might come under communist domination

Pope Paul personally approved the change in policy which reflects his growing concern that the Conjuminist may be in the mounting policy of the Continuous already control or that in the control of every major itation city except Rome and Palerimo with the Communists witning more than a third of (Continuod on page 4, col. 4)



by Gené H. Hogberg #

"Is America Going Mad?"

To friends and enemies alike, the United States is taking on the image of a shackled giant. In this case, the Lilliputians tying down Gulliver are not foreigners, but Americans themselves especially key figures in Congress along with members of the press who, in their post-Watergate quest for a totally open society, no longer feel there is any such thing as a legitimate state secret

The issue came to a head with the assassination in Greece of Richard Welch, a CIA agent attached to the U.S. embassy in Athens Angry V.S. intelligence chiefs blamed the lethal blowing of Welch's cover on a variety of sources—continued Congressional probing of ClAsoperations, a recent flurry of spy-ferreting books by ex-ClA agents, and a quarterly expose magazine called Counterspy. which had identified the whereabouts of Welch and over 200 other

agents in recent usues.

No one—not even former CIA directors—denies has, on occasion overstepped its chartered responsibilities. That should not be surprising given the fact that in this imperfect and ideologically competitive world over 40 nations, large and small, are engaged in clandestine operations

But the juncy front-page headline news of specific CIA covers activities, such as involvement in the Allende overthrow in Chile. have led many Americans to believe the CIA is nothing but a Frankenstein monster running amuck without any control. Nothing is further from the truth. No national intelligence organization is subject to more supervision than the CIA Moreover, proven instances of improper activities are few. But the chasing after every spicy rumor to fill newspaper headlines and the lead story of the nightly news telecasts takes precedence over the facts

upshot is a severe hampering of American intelligence officials in performing their man but largely unheralded function the nonpublicized gathering, as imilation, and evaluation of shformation necessary for the security of the nation Retur-ing ClA Director William E. Colby complained last year that the almost hysterical excitement that surrounds any news story mentioning the CIA or referring even to a perfectly legitimate activity of the CIA has raised the question whether secret in telligence operations can be conducted by the United States "

He actient in testingiony before a House subcommittee that morale in the agency was low agents overseas were worried about exposure, and "a number of intelligence services abroad with which the CIA works have expressed concern over its situation and over the face of sensitive information they provide to us "

r the fact of sensitive information they provide to do.

A big question now is whether the U.S. will be able to conie to obtain critical intelligence from communist defectors or
lerground Soviet informants—if they can no longer trust the underground Soviet informants— if they can no longer trust the CIA or its Congressional watchdogs to keep a secret. How important this factor is can be illustrated by the case, 13 years ago, of Col. Oleg Penkovsky, who sat at the very nerve center of the Soviet military establishment. Without the detailed intelligence he promilitary establishment. Without the detailed intengence in provided. President John f. Keinedy would have been in a very poor position to deal with the 1902 Cuban missile Crisis.

London's Duily Telegraph in an editorial titled. Its America.

Going Mad?" views the deteriorating U.S. scene this way. "The United States should know that her European cousins and allies are appalled and disgusted by the present open dinarray of her public life. The self-criticism and self-destructive tendencies are running mad, with no countervaling force in sight. She has no foreign policy any more because Congress will not allow it. Her intelligence arm, the CJA is being guited and rendered inopera-tive, the names of its staff being published so that they can be murdered. Fier President and Secretary, of State are being anded, not for what they do but simply because they are people re, to be pulled down for the fun of it.

e, to be pulled down for the fun of it // The Telegruph editor concluded by pleading, "Please America, for God's sake pull yourself together."

BUMPER CROPS BUCK WEATHER TRENDS

Well-timed wet weather swelled America's grain harvest to record-breaking, yields in

When the final U.S. Department of Agriculture reports were in, wheat production stood at 2.3 billion bushels - a 19% increase over 1974. The corn increase over 1974. The corn yield amounted to 5.8 billion bushels, a 25% increase over the drought-seared 1974 crop How long the good news from the farm belt – so critical

to hungry mouths around the world will last, however, is a world matter of no small concern

Some scientists are predicting that devastating drought lasting from three to eight years will hit the Great Plains within the

oecade "The cumate trends that some scientists are predicting could bring us to a point of cat-astrophic convergence between the speceasing population and inadequate food supplies much inadequate food supplies much sooner than many people ex-pect," says Hurry Lansford of the National Omier for Aimo-spheric Research What are these climatic in-

dicators?

First is a 20-year drought Prist is a 20-year drought cycle in the American midwest which last hit in the 1950s. This cycle has followed a consistent pattern ever since the mid 1800s when well documented records were first kept. The dust bowl of the thirties was part of

this cycle
Dr Walter O Roberts formerly of the National Center for Atmospheric Research post ulates a correlation between sunspot activity and the 20 year drought cycle Sunspots occur every 10 or 11 years The drought cycle seems to correlate with alternating sunspot activity. Another trend which may

further complicate crop crip pling drought before the end of this decade is the gradual cool

ing of the carth
From 1890 to 1940 the earth From 1890 to 1990 the earth experienced a period of warmer weather. The result was a grow-ing season that was increased by two to three weeks.

Since 1940 however a low ering in temperature has cut back the growing season by about two weeks. As tempera-tures continue to drop with this cooling trend gram production on America's northern plans

on America's morthern plana could be severely curtailed. Despite the shorter growing season the period from the inti-1900 until 1914 saw a burst of productivity that over-flowed 115 granaries. This abundance was attributed solely to "a remarkable run of normal

weather" by a U.S. government report published after the 1973 harvest.

This same report, however, went on to spell the fate of the 1974 harvest: "The rettability or grain yields in the midwest in recent years is due to an ex-traordinary sequence of favor-able seasons. This cannot be able seasons. This expected to continue.

And, indeed it hasn't.

And prought a hot scorching symmer to the midwest. The drought-weakened corn crop yielded 18% less than the pre-

wave cancelled hopes for what appeared to be a super-abundant crop in lowa and

abundant crop in lowa and neighboring states Only "last-minute" unexpected; rains al-layed farmers worst fears. Texal and California con-tinue to suffer some drought and the lack of moisture has already cut predictions for the winter wheat harvest % be-low last veer's regord Insect low last year's record Insect infestations in parts of Okla-homa and Kansas threaten to

homa and Kansast threaten to reduce the crop still further. Even though this year's har-vest may still be large enough to prevent major food shortages, the prospects for any significant, buttling of food reserves anneas. buildup of food reserves appear dimmer by the day With the prospect of tooler weather. prospect of coder waster, shorter growing seasons, and an overdue 20 year drought cycle, future severe crop shortfalls may prove to be all too likely a possibility.

CERMAN FLECTIONS

Straum Backs Off

The CDU/CSU alliance, like the SPD/FDP coalition, has not ute STD/FDP coalition, has not been without its personal and ideological feuds.

deological feuds.

The junior partner of the coalition, the CSU headed by fiery ultraconservative Franz Josef Strauss, has its membership al-most entirely in the state of Bavaria', The CSU runs its candidates exclusively in that state, though Dr. Strauss has sympa-

thizers throughout the nation The CDU runs in the o runs in the other nine West German states and in West Berlin Thus there is no actual competition between the two coalition partners, and they are looked upon as one party in national influence

Some conservatives however had begun to tear has year that Strauss might "go national." that is, expand his right-wing Bavarian state party into a full-fledged * national party, with himself as the candidate for

chancellor

An opinion poll in June had indicated that if the CSU carned on an independent national

ned on an independent national cathpaign the two conservative parties might receive 3% to 6% more votes than under the current "calectorate sharing" selup. The poll added to already strained relations between the two "asser parties" which had developed in 1972 when the CDU lost the federal election.

Vatican

(Continued from page 3)

the votes in the regional elec-tions last June the Vatican is now, taking the specter of a Communist dominated. Italy Communist dominated. Italy very seriously.

Many observers believe that

Many observers believe that in spite of the church's diplo-matic efforts to reach an accom-modation with the communist regimes of Eastern Europe, the Vatican is not about to accept communist governments ruling in the West and will therefore use its leverage to prevent them from coming to power ______ This fear has sparked the re

cent papel push for the unifi-cation of Western Europe (See Plain Trush, November 22 1975) In a speech before more than 80 bishops, cardinals and than 80 bishops, cardinals and prelates Pope Paul called for a geawakening of "Furope's Christian soul, where its unity is rostefel"

The pontiff's call for Euro The pointin's call for Euro-pean union coincides with signs of a growing theological con-servation. In the last several months the pope has reaffirmed the full scope of his authority over the Catholic Church,

dogma against artificial birth opintrot, and condemned "doc-trinal disputes" in proposing renewed evangelization eff There are even some small in-dications of an increasing mil-tancy toward non Catholic

religions
In a 13,000 word apostolic exhortation given in December, the pope termed non Christian religions "incomplete" and taid the church should intensify its efforts to convert those who can braced such faiths. The pope did not specify any non-Chris-tian faith, but his statement an did not specify any non-thristian faith but his statement appeared to be all encompassing, including Judanm and Islam He conveyed his church's "respect and exteem" (or non-Christian religious but said they had not succeeded in establishing "an authentic and living relationship" with God. In mid October the pointiff made a rare but critical reference to the Reformation, stating that it had held back hurropean unity. This sudden flurry of activity on the part of the Vatican, both in diplomacy and the Cology, seems to indicate that the Roman Catholic Church is gearing up to play an expanded role in world affairs. tian faith but his statement an

while at the same time the CSU while at the same time the CSU did exceptionally well in regional polling. The CSU, led by the aggressive Strauss, has about CDU chief Kohl, whom it sees at bring somewhat, weak and vacillating.

Nevertheless, Strauss and his CSU decided to back off late.

CSU decided to back off late last year and pledged to support Kohl in the interests of the Tromingon cause. The CSU stated that the CDL has the big get member of the union had



BAVARIA'S STRAUSS becked out of chancellor derby

the right to designate the coali-tion's candidate for chancellor A CSU memorandum added, however, that "the CSU still holds to its opinion that its own chairman [Strauss] is the most suttable candidate

In lieu of the top office.

Dr Straum will undoubtedly be awarded an important cabinet post-should the conservative coalition succeed in gaining power. If the CDU does not succeed that authors more conservative coalition.

this autuma, many teel the CSI might then make the break and finally "go national" in an attempt to gain a nationwide following and win the chancel-lorship on its own in the next election

pictured as having an eye on the chancellor's office, but it is doubted whether he had the national appeal to ever realize his ambitious dream

It has been suggested that the only way he may ever attain the office is by Kohl's winning the only way he may ever attain the online is by Kohl's woning the flational election and then leaving office in midlerm, as three of the five postwar chancellors have done for one reason or another. Strauss would then move that the control of the strauss would then move that the control of the strauss would then move that the control of the strauss would be straughtened to the control of the strauss would be straughtened to the straughtened to t into the position in the same manner as did Schmidt follow-ing Brandt's surprise resigna-tion in 1974

"Security Risk"

Because of the conservatives' suspicion of detente with the Soviet bloc. Willy Brandt in carly campaigning openly called the conservative CDU/CSU a "security risk" alo West Germany, implying that the conservatives might start a war with the conservatives might start as war with the conservatives. war with the communist bloc if the CDU/CSU condition ever

the CDU/CSU contition ever comes to power in Bonn Brandt, who became West Germany's first Socfalist chancellor in 1969, was the driving force behind the nation's policy of Ostpolitik, or reconciliation with the East.

CDU-Chief Kohl termed Brandt's remark "a reminder of Wejmar" (the short-lived German parliamentary democracy preceding the Nazi era) and demanded that Brandt take it back. This Brandt has refused to do in the meantime Schmidt. oack. This Brandt has refused to do In the meantime Schmidt has seconded the original "secu-nty risk" accusation. Despite the current numerical equality of the two opposing co-

Zionism and Mr. Koh

The other night, I sat around a large table and listened to a group of UN ambassadors at. tempting to justify the position of their countries at the United

One of them was a young Nations
One of them was a young man he hitst have been in his early Ms who belied the notion that he had been in his early Ms who belied the notion that the Intri World nations have distinct to contribute to world order and/or intend only on using the forums of the United Nations as an amplifying system for propaganda against the United Nations as an amplifying system for propaganda against the United Nations when the United Nations Mai Intrinsect of the Responsibility of the United Nations What impressed me most of all about Koh was that he has the eloquence, toget, and common sense we have a right to expect of the people whose by it is lo maintain world peace.

Before Koh spoke, the conversation at the table sounded like an extension of the debates

alitions in the opinion polls, it is generally left that the SPD has the advantage due to the popu-lar personalities of Brandt and Schmidt. Other observers, how-

Schmidt Other observers, however, feel that the conservatives might surprise everyone by squeaking through with a bare majority at the polls. Should the CDU/CSU union succeed in its bid for power this fall, West Germany may be m for substantial changes in both domestic. and foreign affairs.

in the General Assembly The ambassadors were trying to jus-ufy the positions of their gov-

Ambassador Koh began by saying he hoped the day would come when the delegates to the United Nations would consider global issues according to what was best for the world rather than just for their own countries. He pointed to the General Assembly "resolution equating Zionism with racism as an example of narrow national selfample of narrow national self-injectest leading to an act of prejudice and injustice. He went around the entire table, examining each country's actions at the United Nations.

He addressed himself to the amplassador from Country and in-

ambassador from Cyprus, a dis-tinguished cider statesman who tinguished cider statesman who over the years has been an elo-quent advocate of a strength-ened United Nations with the capacity to enforce law on the basif of justice on a world scale. Ambassador Koh said he knew the ambassador from Cy-

ance the amoustackor from Cyprus was aware how historically about it was to tay that Zon-ism was a form of racism. But he also knew that Cyprus needed support for its own UN. resolution condemning Turkey for aggression And there were

for aggression And there were more than two duzen Arab-or Muslim states whose votes were essential for that purpose. Then the Singapore ambassador addressed himself to the entire group He said he had been told by several members that Israel was racust because non-Jews did not enjoy full economic and political opportunity, in Israel. Ambassador Koh renomic and political opportunity, jun larged. Ambassador Koh re-ferreda to one Muslim country after another in which Chris-tians and other non-Muslims were unable to obtain government or university jobs on a par with Muslims. If racism is de-fined as discrimination, Am-bassador Kob said, then it was obvious that many Muslim na-tions would have to condemn themselves Koh asked his fellow am-

hon asked ms. Jellow am-bastadors whether they actually knew what Zionism was at the time the resolution came up and, if not, whether they had taken the trouble to find out. He said that he himself was not ashamed to admit that he had ashamed to admit that he had no knowledge about Zionism when he was called upon to vote. So he went to the basic source – Theodore Herzi's book on Zionism.

"Gentlemen," he said, "do Oenttemen, he said, "do you know what I discovered? I discovered that Zionism is nothing more than nationalism—a popular, movement to create and maintain an independent nation So we're all the same How can we condemn Zionism for hause-time. for having the same basic object

tives that we do ourselves?"

Ambassador Koh then went
on to say that the only hope for
world peace was to create a
world organization capable of meeting problems that calls for intelligent and impartial judg-

ments
"Gentlemen," he said, "un-less we can think and debate honestly and objectively and have respect for basic facts, then we will separate ourselves from the benefits of an in

trom the benefits of an in-telligence and ultimately will lose our souls."

P. I. Koh is a young man but I have a hunch the world may come to know him well in the years shead—and this is all to the good.

-

Chief Hard Nose said, "Why

ART BUCHWALD Hail to the Chief

WASHINGTON The Amer wan Indians seem to be divided over whether or not to participate in the Bicentennial celebration next year Some tribes are going along with the festivities because they with the lestivities because they have decided it's good for their jewelry business. But others are hospitaling them on the grounds that the Indians really have noth-

ing to celebrate

Chief Hard Nose of the Kalochief reard Nose of the Kalo-rama Indians, whose forefathers once hunted buffalo and bear where the Watergate now stands, told me his people have no interest in celebrating the 200th anniversary of the United

States
"Why should we delebrate an

"Why should we celebrate an anniversary that was the start of usitosing everything on this continent?" I asked. "You've got a Bureau of Indian Affairs."

"Before you people formed a country, we had clean air, freshwater and blue skies. And we had an ozone layer to keep us from getting skin cancer. Now you've messed things up so badly, it isn't even aafe to cat cheken eggs."

badly it isn't even safe to cat chicke eggs.

"But, Chief, look what we gave to your continent rail roads, high ways; suburbathopping centers and trading stamps. Where would the American Indian be today with out the white man?"

"We'd be living in Palm Springs and Beverly Hills."

"Ah, bast what kind of life would you be living"? I asked "You'd still be in tents steeping on buffals hadea and fishing in aream and daining around fire. What type of existence is that?"

"It's better than selling souve nirs on the rim of the Grand Canyon" (hete! Hard Nose said "Frankly I don't know what you people we seektoraing anywa). Look what you wedone to New York When we sold you Manhattan Island for \$24 New York bonds were worth here weight in beads beery tribe with a pension fund fought to buy them Now you can (give them awa). "When the settlers first ar rived thefe were trees and hills and streams from Wall Street up to Columbia University You could rede a huse from the

up to Columbia University You could ride a horse from the Hudson River to the East River

hour to get from First Avenue to the West Side Highway. What kind of progress is that?" "New York and Ximerea." I pointed out to Chief Hard Nose. "Look at Detroit and Newark and Wilmington Delaware The Indians never could have developed those places on their own When we' celebrate out 200th anniversary we're celebrating it for all Americans. out 200th anniversary we're oclebrating it for all Americans, and that includes you Indians We couldn't have made it without you "
"Why do'you say that?"

"Don't forget it was on your land that we found the gas and oil and coal and from that made

this country what it is today,"
"Then how come we don't get
anything out of it?"
"Because we know you are a
proud people who would never
accept money for land that was
stoles from you."

don I you try us?"
"We must forget the past," I have must forget the past," I note that our people and our people must join hands and rejoice in the great Bicentennial celebration. You are part of our culture. Without Indians there might never have been a movie

industry or John Wayne."
"I forgot abbut John Wayne,"
he adjinited
"And don't forget your

"And don't forget your people gave us the stames for three professional football teams No other ethnic group has been such smooth of the first Noor thought for moment and then said. "If we join in your Bioentennial, will you honor the treaties and Dromises you made to us for the Normises you made to us for the promises you made to us for the last 200 years?"
"Of Course," 1 promised.

"Haze we ever hed to



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3



Bridging National Differences

Tokyo, Japan, December 11, 1975: One year ago today, Mr. Herbert Armstrong Today, Japan, Occumber 11, 1975: One year ago today, Mr. Herbert Armstrong hand I were received by Japan's Prime Minister Takeo Miki, who had recently taken office. For more than seven years we had been working with the help of many of Mr. Miki wouldcagues in the Japanese Diet, along with outstanding leaders from worsershies industria, and workers, to promote better understanding between the people of Japan and the United States—and, in addition, between the people of Japan and the distinct of the developing world.

Mr. Miki's predecessors, the late Eisaku Sato and Kakeui Tanaka, had given us much encouragement in what was a seemingly impossible task and one that us much encouragement in what was a seemingly impossible task and one that was apparently at that time cunning against a very strong ited. Secretary of State Kussinger, but example, had very deeply offended the Japanese and Prince Minister hato driving Japanese-American relations to their lowest positive apoint. Minister hato driving Japanese-American relations to their lowest positive apoint. Minister hat 1912 "secret mission" to Chiria, causing Mr. Sato and his government to kise considerable face in Japan as well as in the entire free world and hattening the retirequency of Prime Minister Sato. Shortly after his retirement, Mr. Sato told me in his 80 met hat he was very concerned about the Japanese-American relationship surviving Mr. Kissinger's well-publicized "shock." as it was commonly referred to in Japan. Referring to Mr. Kissinger, Mr. Sato stated, "He forgot that one should consult with one's friends first before one consults. "He forgot that one should consult with one's friends first before one consults s caemies "

The United States itself and the American people in the last year and a half have also suffered not one or two shocks, but a whole series of shocks which have been unprecedented in $U(\S)$ history. The psychological effects of these social temblors are still largely unmeasured

Public faith in U.S. institutions has been seriously corroded and replaced by

widespread distrust. the placement and program as a proportion of proportions have been affected by decay and corruption of proportions herefolder unsuspected by a trusting American citizenty. Every day new revealations about important agencies of the U.S. government and important political figures of the past and present literally shock the conscience of the American people

Despite all of this however, relations between the United States and Japan are actually improving because the U.S. foreign policy is perhaps for the first ime, taking full cognizance of the importance of Japan in the Pacific area and time, asking four cognizance of the importance of Japan in the Pacific area, and throughout the free world by or too long. America has taken it slose telationality with the Japanese people too much for granted as it sought new friends and alliances, including detente with Russia and full working relationships with China much like the insurance man who takes his good client and their renewals for granted as he devotes his energies and time in pursuit of new business

President Ford's new Pacific doctrine emphasizes just how important the Pacific area is to the Conted States and to the peace of the world. Despite America's setback in Victnam and its withdrawal from the Asian mainland (except in South Korea), the doctrine recognizes the prominent role Japan must play if the goals and objectives of the U.S. and the free world are to be realized (except to assume the control of the U.S. and the free world are to be realized. With Japan the U.S. can have a military posture that will support its allies without interfering in the internal affairs of each country. Maintaining the Lokyo link will also prevent Russia, and lift that matter. I thus from obtaining hege hink will also prevent Russia, and lift that matter thus from obtaining hege. mony over the entire Pacific region. It is Japan that will be able to establish truly important economic and social ties with China It is Japan that will be free of basic ethnic differences which hinder a true and full understanding between the nations of the Fast and the West. And it is Japan that will be able to avoid the colonial label which has been so often and so rightfully ascribed to the nations of the West.

We should continue to work closely with our friends and colleagues in Japan not only to promote bettel understanding between the United States and Japan but between all nations of the world. Japan has already evidenced a great interest in helping the nations of the Third World. We have had the privilege of working closely with outstanding Diet members and other Japanese leaders in Africa, in the Middle hast throughout Southeast Asia in findia, and in § cities. and South America. Various projects involving Japanese institutions and Am-bassador College, and in the future the Ambassador International Cultural bassador College, and in the future the Anthassador Foundation, will continue to play an important role. (1)

letters

A Growth Process

A Grawth Process
Concerning your atticle in Plain Truth
week ending November 1, 1975, called
"Christianny Is a Grawth Process." I have
never read such an inspring attick. You
have no idea how much that article helped
me An -article like that should make the
front page of this country's newspapers
Mrs Henry Lanter,
Atlantic City, NJ

Your Personal column in the Novillether I. Plain Truth, "Christianity Is a Growth Process," is so wonderful and uplifting it gives us courage to get right up and try, and try, again and again Thank you for this most helpful article I intend to study it thoroughly. thoroughly

Lois Martin, Goldonna, LA

Goldonia, LA.

Mr. Armstrohg's acticle on "Christianity is a Growth Process" in Plane Truth on November I is the greatest yet? Never have Fread to much truth in other words. It has changed my life. I read it exert day and when Inerplation is great. I read it again it seems to imprie me to try harder to do what Goldon and planed from pile?

I wish all the world could read it as they begin a new day which brings us closer to that wonderful world tomorrow he tells us about to office.

I hope you will give it to us in pampiner form that I may pass it onform that I may pass it onform that I may pass it onform that it may pass it only formed and thank Gold for the freend who first told me about Plane Truth. ...

about Plain Truth

Mrs. J. R. Jackson,

"The New Civil War" by Ron Horswell is an outstanding literary achievement! Bravo, Plain Truth'

against you. I pray often for you and since reading the acticle, I will pray for you more

in your October 18 1975 mue Ron Horswell's The New Civil War "Mr Hor-swell has a wonderful comprehension of truth His definition of our social organization (government) is the most clear of any five ever heard. His supporter of Amburnity Eve ever heard. His support of Ambania.

One Geller if referring dor, Daniel Moynihan with mome of the edition of Plain Truth.

truths pointedly expressed, including in consistencies, is about to lift us id a text apathetic position of appraisal Bully "Raymond W Sasre Baltimore, MLD

Super: The Dentista Remond
The article in Plain Truth, November 1
1975 by Arthur W. Docken in exsentially correct and a good documentation of the case against sugar in deseast. Unfortunately there as one gatering fault in his story that the supportion that his was considered to the supportion of the supportion of the superior of the

David B Law DDS MS Professor of Children's Dentistry University of Washington
School of Dentistry

I would like to help the readers of Phone Pricks learn to preven savities. Yfor at take, "The Sugar Comprises," gives an excellent capitanation of the cause effect explanation of the cause effect relationship of sugar ann savities. It should also be promed out that any sages whether if comps from national sugar cane natural sugar beets natural houses on even the natural sugar beets and the same fermionation process.

The New Cut War Top Ron Hotsvell
u an outstanding literary achievement
Bravol, Flata Fush.

Jacqueline S-eithelin
Rockville Cessige, NY

Lyou receal. The New Civil War Till
without a doubt the piorest written article
printed by you ever
L wing t make my time and effort with
white I m at il. who do I write to the
editor in chief editor managing editor as
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I m serious I we never written anything
like this to you before. In you are all mitted
this us you before, the you seriously
eath in plann truth? With his mans editors
who ascepts the blann for passing this?
Please don't take this to mean I mittedly
against too I pray gleen for you and time
reading the awasted, I will prox you for you for

I have seen the fantastic cover story "Science Families the Supernatural" in the October 1975 usue of Plain Frack 1 would appreciate very much if you could rend me les copies of this issue P.S. It's a great magnetine

Un Geller New York NY

The world failed to replenish its depleted food stocks in 1975, and the outlook for the hungry in 1976 is bleak. Bumper grain harvests in North America were offset by poor crops in Europe and the Soviet Union Year-end wheat stocks are likely to be even lower than in 1974 when they were drained by a worldwide food shortage. As a result, the world will be dependent for what it eats in 1976 on what it grows -UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL news release, December 29, 1975.

silently ominously irresorably the food population crisis the food population crisis the food population of the care to the food population of the care to inhabitate the food population of the care to inhabitate the food population of the food populati

keep food supplies ahead of population growth and food demand There is less Accep food supplies shead of population growth and food demand. There is less food per person on the planet today than thirty scars age, world population is growing almost 28 per year food supply in increasing 25% but losed demand is inferentially a processing 25% per year. Afthernage and is inferentially a processing 18 per year. Afthernage and single expectations are energing as a major new claimant on world food suppliers in a didtion to consistent and plies, in addition to population in-CICASCS

creases
Humanity as a whole is hierally living hand to amouth staking everything on the first grain harvest and depending upon the blessings of good weather in recent years however monsion failures. droughts and other weather upsets have droughts and other weather upnets have devastated unincine crop areas in the Soviet Union. China Africa India, and even paris of the United States Under the combined assault of based weather, searing populations and afficient demands worth grandfysics have plain mixed from 35 days in 1961 to leas than

meted from 93 days in 1991 to less than 30 days togles. Unremittings, the ragged leading edge of famines as whe reaps an increasing toll in suffering and deshi in the earth's ramine test. Sites Law America and many parts of Asia. Hun. America and many parts of Sala Hun-ger and manufacturing peecently plague asce hall of humanity. Over SRD million are chromically hungry barely surviving on the edge of life. These unfortunate millions are more or less recognizable because of physical disabilities or the bloaded or emerical hodies indicative of nutritional deficiencies. Less recogniz on nutritional definences: Less recognizable air the trage numbers of people whose mental development is permanently stonied. Most of these are children a quarter or, a half of a hom die before age five So fai scores of milliona are dying shearly each year from the ravages of malnutrition and starvation.

By the year 2000

HOW WILL **WE FEED** THE WORLD'S 6 BILLION?

by Donald D. Schroede

What haunts "food futurists" is this rood supplies can only be increased gradually, but populations are destined to grow explosively despite reductions in birth rates all over the world in recent

years In 1905 global population was in creating at 2% annually. Due to national and international efforts, the rate was brought down to 1.7% in 1974. Whether future declines will be rapid enough to stave off massive famines is a great on some certification.

stave off massive famines u a great un-answered question. Population and food officials disclose that close to a doubling of current food production u already needed just to bring-like present widds population up-to an adequate dietary level. Even if we accept the conservative figure of six bil-lion people living on the earth at the

beginning of the twenty-first century, tood production four times the present level will be required.

A New Dark Age?

Since the early 1960s, Ifterally hur

Since the early 196th, Illerally hundreds of top ranking leaders in all fields ghave ectioned apicalytic warnings of famines ahead unless mankind unitedly acts to rapidly increase food supplies and to blunt population growth. The population experts and statisticans tell us if three to four billion more human beings are added in this century to today's four billion human inhabitants only abject poverty, embionic tagnition and perminent aemistaryation will await the vast majority of mankind. The world, they tell us, cannot survive

The world, they tell us, cannot survive

in peace and stability with a "Luxury Club" of three quarters = in peace and stability with a "Luxury Club" of three quarters of a billion humag, beings living in, a score of advanced and well-fed countries while the rest of humanity watches the slim means of survival-steadily-shrift from its grasp. When the poor have nothing to eat and no hope for fagure progress, they also have nothing to knowly podent revolution. Despite the multitude of warnings that mankind-can alive the ourushing food-population crisis only if he acts immediately, most nations are acting as if it's somebody clacks problem, or as if they can tackle it after they get other.

it's somebody clee's problem, or as if they can tackle it after they get other nagging problems out of the way. "We are participating in a grand-scale evasion of reality which bears all the signs of insanity" said Dr. Georg Borgatrom noted population expert, a sew years ago. "Nothing less is required than a global will to act" to ward off the

than a global will to act" to ward on the calamity, he said
"Very (ew grasp the magnitude of the Janger that confloints us," said Thoma: M. Ware, head of the Freedom From Hunger Foundation, before a Seaste subcommittee as early as 1965. "The calamination, and sometimes that may be subcommittee as early as 1965." The calamination of the subcommittee as early as 1965.

Hunger Foundation, before a Senate subcommittee as early as 1965. "The calastrophe is not something that may happen, on the contrary it is a mathematical certainty it will happen."

It is happening today, but few, East or West, seem overly concerned.

Two years ago the will happen and food come for propelled to world attention when 1974 was designated as a "World Population" year. "Several rhetoric filled incensional meetings were held, yet today none of the proposed lotty schemes have gotten off the proposed lotty schemes have gotten off the proposed lotty schemes have gotten off the ground to forestall butter lamines and starvation."

All is not totally hopeless even yet. Don Paariberg, their economist for the Control of the proposed starvation in the start of the next decade there is a reasonable litelithoud that food production can be kept half a step shead of population." But after that, he says, projected birth rates zoom off the charts and food production at current levels simply won't be able to keep page.

A Contrary of Unprocededted

THE WAY

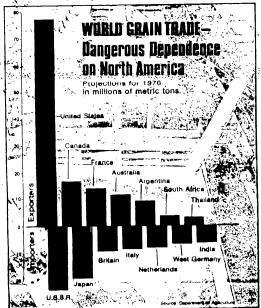
Å Century of Unprocedested Papalation Growth

Many do not realize that population many do not realize that population increases in the scinitry are unparalleled in recorded history. Only a lucky combination of the past few decades of good wealths and new agricultural technology has perimited nations to barely keep ahead of burgeoring population demands. But in the years ahead the stork is destined to outdistance the plow

stork is destined to outdistance the plow. It is hard to imagine today a nearly 28 annual world population growth rate as "explosive," but the figure h deceptively small Compared with the rest of history, it is a staggering rate and portenda incredibly rapid population increases for the seat of this century. A look at mankind's history of population growth is nocessary to appreciate this fagt.

Due to war disease, and starvation, world population grow at mere fractions of 18 annually until this century. At

PEBRUARY 1976



yearly increases of around 0.1% per year, it took thousands of years for world population to reach an estimated 250 to 300 million at the time of Christ At a slightly higher rate, it took 16 more centures, to around the year 1650.

more centuries, to around the year 1650, for world population to increase to 500 million (see or take 100 million to allow for the Crusades, bulbonic plague and other high death factors) I wo hundred years ago at the birth of the United States, in 1776 world population, was, according to rough estimates around 700 million. Not until 1810 did the world. finally reach its first billion.
But look at the incredibity short time

periods required to add additional billions in the years after 1830, particularly in the twentieth-tentury!

Add	Reached	
First Billion	Several thousand	1830
Second Billion	100	1930
Third Billion	30	1960
Fourth Billion	15	1975
Fifth Billion	. 11	1986
Sixth Billion	• .	1905
Third Billion Fourth Billion Fifth Billion	100 30 15	

By the end of this century U.N. statis-tics indicate that world population will be increasing by a billion persons every

fire years

World population has doubled from 2

billion to 4 billion since just before worse population has doubted from 2 billion to 4 billion since just before World War II in the lifetime or many reading Plain Truth Building upon today's population, a 2% annual world population increase means world population doubles every 35 years. Barring

some catastrophe, some officials esti mate that world population will reach 6.5 to 7 billion around the year 2000.

6.5 to 7 billion around the year 2000. But worse yet, the annual population increase in many developing nations in 1 atin America, Africa and Asia is not 75% annually, but as much as 34% a rate that doubles population every 20

Death Raigi (ut in Half

Death Reigi C at in Half

The major reason for the sudded population growth in this century has not been higher buth faites but lowered deathfaites Medical shemical and san inter-friending ongosphere set death rates in half in the century Millions now survive diseases that, were once commonly

fatal the of DD for example employed to kill malaria carrying mosquitoes has drastically low-ered the death rate in most prider developed areas life expectancy in areas such as India has jumped from 29 years in 1940 to 55 years today Latin America, the former "sleeping

giant" passed the 200 million population mark in 1900 and exploded to 300 million only 12 years fater in 1972. At a 25 year doubling rate Latin America must prepare to feed house and employ 645 million Latins by the year 2000. a tripting of population in this century unless the culturally and religiously attent practice of both control takes hold immediately Meany alone will jump from 60 million to 135 million by the year 2000 at the present growth rate, Nearly δ0% of humanity lives in Asia

Two countries alone, India and China, account for over a third of all human-kind Any temporary agricultural gains in these two nations age, offset almost immediately by an exploiting population Each country adult the population of an Australia (14 million) every year, a United States (215 million) in a

year, a United state (27) misses in one of the terminal wife state in one of the century indicate population will hit and belon, the Philippines will misshoom from 42 million to Unitalian, and indonesia's already teeming 130 million population will almost doubte.

The chances of stemming this gro tide of humanity registers between slim and none

Six Billion No Matter What?

Another aspect of the population crisis is not as fully appreciated as it should be: A major global food crisis is assured unites very dramatic reductions in birth rates are forthcoming.
"We should understand that even

all known family planning, methods were pushed to the fullest, the world's population will said falmost double by about 2006. "said Douglas Ensminger, an internationally recognized popu-

lation expert
"Even if we succeed in substantially lowering the world population rate, the number of people for several decades will grow faster than we are likely to succeed in increasing food production."

adds Ensminger

Several developed nations have come very close to achieving zero population growth. A few have achieved it

growth A few have achieved it Assuming the miraculous happened and the number of children born to every woman in the developing coun-tries was cut in half (roughly replace-ment-level fertility) zero world population growth would still not be achieved until the end of the next cen-

achieved unto the second of two children were suddenly universally subpted, it would still mean over fave billion people on earth by the year 2000, and world population would gradually level off only after that high threshold had been reached.

reached

The primary problem (exponsible for this condition stems from the very structure of the population in many developments). ture of the population in many devel-oping nations. In many of these lands, the number of people under 15 years of age comprises 40% or more of the popu-lace. Median age in these gountries is around 19 compared to 31 m inc developed countries. This means record numbers of women will be coming into their bers of women will be coming into their peak childbearing rears in the next few decades. Consequently populations in developing nations will continue to swell for some time to some even if fertility rates steadily drop to replacement levels, which all officials consider extremely un-

which all officials consider extremely un-likely. Here is no evidence such a pre-cipition birth rate decline is imminent in the developing world.

The U.S. Population Reference Birth Consists of the Consists of the Consists of the Lower Transition of the Consists o population, even in most of the more developed countries, fertility would have to decline againstantly below the replace-

ment level in the less developed countries such a situation seems inconceivable during the coming 50 years. " (World Population Projections Alternative Paths to Zero Scowth. p. 26)

p. 20)
Philander Clanton, special assistant to
the secretary of state for population
matters, puts the problem in the simplear of serma: "The world olust prepare pless of terms. The word of an least 6 but here's world propolation of an least 6 but hor by 2000. Those is nothing except famine, pestilence, or nuclear war to prevent it from reaching that figure prevent it from read That's the minimum

Birth Control or Elne

With almost one voice population ex-perts say that if birth rates in most of the developing world are not drastically dropped all other attempts by govern ments to combat the population food

ments to combat the population-food crass will be futtle. But, even assuming the unachievable how do governments suddenly and suddenly change the most intimate segual behavior of their batteens? Can the frequently unstable, corrupt, and poor governments in these nations persuade their feming and often filterate, this section of producing multiple sens for tuton of producing multiple sens for future security? Can they suddenly change; methicient agricultural, plactices? Can goodgiments wipe out superstitution tool

and there will be famines and earthquakes in various places. - Mari. 24:7, RSV

taboos that in many widespired area do not permit checken, eggs, milk, and other rich process, support in he used as

food?

Reaching zero population growth in overfed Western national local very little to solve the problem in the main area of the local population rates. After and I arin America with the problem of the carch and the problem of the carch and the problem of yophic ticated weaponry around the world no country however faringhted it may be no controlled to owner the solve of population. in controlling its own population carescape the consequences of the failure is others to anothers to anothers to population growth and Dr. Russell Peterson, chairman Quality

In North America, 40% of the digit milk meat eggs, and fish, in After 11% in the Near East, 9%, in the Feast only 5% Admittedly North Americans could do with Jess of such floor but what can science do to material:

but what can science do to material change such overwhelming odds?

Rining expectations and affuence developed nations are actually adding the disparity by creating new deman on shrinking world food supplies. Peopliniceasingly—want inducert profitom meat, not directly from granps. 2 trom meat, not directly from grains a vegetables. And the rich nations decrebedding the poor and needy nations when a readily afford to pay.

An even more critical factor than a mg affluence is the four them.

me affluence is the fact that virtually

FEBRUARY IS

the readily exploitable arable land in the world (3.5 billion acres) is already under cultivation? The vast majority of Jand fit most countries is unsatisfactory for farming, being too precipitous and too rugged, or haying soil too infertile. Only 1% of Australia is suitable for copland, only 10% of China, only 5% of Canada. Unfortunately the equatorial rain forests of the world for the Amazon

Canada Unfortunately the equatorial ruin foresty of the Jonato He Amazon hastit is no agricultural El Dorado. The soil is so thin, so low in fertility and so high in fragility that it is leached of easential nutrients after the heavy rainal of just a few agriciang seasons.

Exports acountally to be pillotto more acres could be tilled to governments were willing to pay dossive development costs. But nations whose CNP averages out to around a few hundred deillars a year per person simply cannol altord to shell out the minimum of \$400 per acre (over \$1000 to a better average) to bring new lands into production.

(over \$1 000 is a better average) to bring new lands into production.

Where will water for the new lands come from? Most readily-exploitable water sources have already? Deen damned or tapped in addition over-

dammed or tapjed In addition over-grazing or poor irrigation practices are annually turning thousands of acres of Engine arable family into barrier ground or sait desects.

Everywhere in the world three quar-ters or so of new population growth ends up in cities. In developing and indus-tralized nations atike fittes creep deeper into fertite countrysides replac-ing fields of wheat, corn, and roce with housing projects and paved roadways.

Can America Play God?

When food shortages or famines velop anywhere in the world all eyes velop anywhere in the world all eyes immediately turn toward North America. The United States along with Canada, supplies 85% of the world's internationally traded grain. Not a single significant new exporter of grain has appeared in the past quarter century.

syngle significant new caporier of grain has appeared in the past quarter century.

Americal may no longer be the policeman of the world but it has become its figures. After feeding their own country year. After feeding their own country year After feeding their own country year. After feeding their own for each of the world of their sorbeans one fourth of their grain sorghum, and over one fifth of their decide who gets how much feed and on what terms—and one U.S. agraeditural official.

Anterial is diseased with the largest contiguous fand mass of fertile out good growing climate, and adequate rainfall of any place on graith. White the best growing fand in the U.S. less wouth of the 3th parallel inwal of the Soviet Unions lies above it. That's the main reason Steeket grain production in a very chancy thing. The best land in Russis has a dimage something lace Bouth Dakota and fright there the in gets worse," said been noted chimerologies.

Nearly, every government official agrees the United Steets van apply its tremendoles agricultural sepacity as a lever, in lorging countries to gloop poil in a very chancy thing the continues of the continue

tremending agreement to idopt policies: benefits to Washington if it chouses to do to.

There is suping evolution that the Soviet Union that has soviet the notice to the strong evolution that the Soviet Union that not try to

miertere with the Sinai agreement between Egypt and Israel because of the Soviet need to pitchase American grain. A significant amonit of the warming up in U.S. Egyptian relations has been credited to food by U.S. Secretary of Agriculjure Earl Burz. "I had a futle wheat in my pocket," says But ".

But since food is such an elemental human need," withholding "it to any needy natton would raise a moral disemma "Can you imagine the repercus-

7.

Carry To.

Water State of the

needy nation would raise a moral di-lemma "Can you imagine the repercus-sions of the U.S. trying to play 'food," asks one Wishle Hrouse official.

As formedable as it, it is certain that even the great food-producing capacity of the U.S. could not feed a world stricken with huge famines for very long. America's safety reserve of idle crop-land has already been thrown into pro-duction. There is only so much in the 1-st can produce and give. A huge moral dilemma faces American leadership in the near future if the country without enough food for all must decide who

the near future is the country without enough food for all must decide who shall cat and who shall starve.

No one wints to think about such a situation, but those who have thought about it cautiously present the case for trigg, a French term first applied to wounded soldiers in the first category wounded soluters in the nix cargoin are those who can survive without iteal ment though they may be suffering severely—the "mailtain gounded." In the second category are those who can be saved by immediate care. In the last category are those so seriously wounded. they cannot survive regardless of the treatment given to them - the "can t be

treatment given to use a many of starving people in "fifted vategory nations whose population growth has far exceeded their own agricultural capacity."

Weather Upsets Ahead: Will America. Even Be Able to Feed tisciff

As we have seen population growth in the years ahead will generate more and more famines even in relatively and more families even in recurrent good years But the biggest single lastice that preferrely separates all regions from feast of families but seaso's population growth but weather. Leading climato logists warn that even the United States may be headed for tough years if certain adverse weather cycles of the past are

adverse weather cycles of the past are repeated.

The evidence is now abundantly clear that me varion is changing in a direction that is not promising in terms of our ability to feed the world. So she Red Briswn noted brises sity of Watsonsin climatogogis.

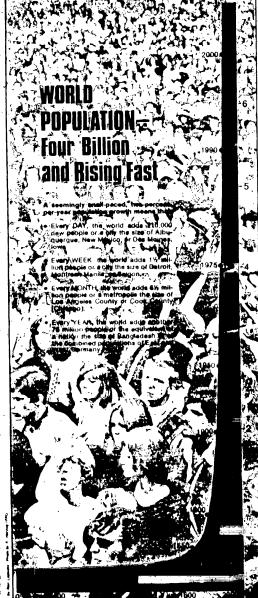
With world food supplies to preciations. "Seen a mild drought in the Great Plants could be a disaster adda a U.S. agricultural official."

Great Plains could be a disaster adds a U.S. agricultural yfficial. Mankind with reasonable weather can possibly avoid mass famines for as much as a decade. But if any sodden change of weather hits the world's breatbasker nations massive famines could result aimost overnight. Will the U.S. see a return of the dust bowly years of the thrites and fifties?

So vital a factor is the weather that it will be the subject of Part 2 of the Flood Population Cersia in the next make.

Food Population Crism in the next issue of Plain Truck

(To Be Consinued)



WORDS ARE HARD TO EAT

WASHINGTON The world's four WASHING-1191 The world's foundational infabriant gasped his offisher with the same of the

the history event took place. international convention spon sored by the World Population Society was designed as a follow-up to the United Stations conference on pupp

The Bucharest conference through its The Bucharest conference through its according to the confine review of not through its according phishments. Intally purpopulation on the front page around the world accepting to Segago Charles Percy (Republican sendring to millionist) a melihoet of the U.S. delegation there. But this time, the follow-up conference of the segagon of the solution of the segagon of the solutions of the solution o

ciety page. One had to look cleatly in

articles reporting on the meeting of the articles reporting on the meeting of the Shah-of Iran a uster with some Senate arver Yind on Mrs. Marcon sorte of the Philippine president, having Jos with Mrs. Ford to find out that two lovered digitatives work in town to speak at a completion southerness.

population conference. Indicative of the reduced interest in Indicative of the reduced interest in this citaterance would be a compartion between the 25 neuralistis who were here to cover it and the four who foul worsered the fluidarest conference only one year ago.

in the seems of the content of the seems of

Remember pollution. A few years ago Remember pollution. A few years ago to was a major public visite. I not same the growing public assertines resulting in pressure on national governments and international organizations to do something. I pen same the major nead time grabbing conterprice in Stockholm. Sweden in lung 1972. This conference served a two fold purpose. If in the one hand in provided a preliminary assessment of the global ex-

tent of the problem so that research, could be directed toward ways in which inches problems much failured. But the other purpose or the Suckholm conference and other similar underence, has been in serve as high water marks of the

tide of public interest.

The results from the studies are now coming in Buj where is the public interest or more importantly; the political will necessary in take action based on those results.

those results.

There was the famous World Losd Conference in Rome in November 1974 and the Law of the Nes Conference in Geness in the tipling of 1975. In the planning stage now is a major, international conference on human habitats which is stated for Nancouver, British Columbia. When Armageddon is unleashed their will mobably be a conference on his property of the result mobably be a conference.

Columbia. When Armagedoon is un-leashed there will probably be a confer-ence in session on hole, to avoid it puna-noversis Arthur Koesiler. But make in the result of this Dissoch-speaking. A Ande from intensibled re-garch into and publishly generated by-these reversal global crisis areas, very hittle-low exercise.

No real attempts are under way to

a chique dent in the world a ex-

make'a objious dent in the world's exploiding population, most of which is in the developing third and fourth-North-contribute. Conflicting ideologies and regions traducing vitations yitually assure failure—the Despite—urgent pleadings from heading world-food espects in establish food stock piles next-to-nothing has been done in pire of the fact that world food receives are at their lowest level ever. A mirrast of population consistency in both food exporting and importing countries frustrates food regerye planning.

ning

Law of the Sea conferences in variably bug down over the political hot potato of national sovereignty of off shore waters. Meanwhile the user fish ing of the acans continues and a nes

ing of the seem continues and a new fifteral global sea poliutions proceeds virtually unchecked.

In pite of what has already been ac-tomplished or perhaps better put-publicated in world bequition in food, in poliution and in other vises at a mothing compared to the job wet re-maining to be done. World ottaten num-ber four billion would agree.

Namy Stucke

Henry Sturche

A FEAST FOR RATS

Rats birds insects and moisture spoil enough grain in India cash year to make up for the entire world fixed shortgage all the underdeveloped world as a

the underdeveloped without whole more whole more experts estimate that more than half the potential load stop is wasted to fast of the potential load stop is wasted to fast of the potential load tracked the world a feet grant were brought with the control of the load of enough to feed one billion people cach

where was the clumina crop pesu sould

result in an immediate 25% increase in edible grains without any change in ago ecultural productivits.

Much of the grain produced in the

muon or the grain produced in the I hird World is not kept in large ware houses or grain grain elevators, but rather is shired by farmers in their heal rather is under less than ideal conditions often only in burlap sacks or simply heaped up in a corner. As a result over \$2 billion worth of food is lost each

to make matters worse the insects midents and microsoganisms which at tack grain also hower its nutritional quality because these pests go for the higher protein position of the grain.

Nowhere is the tragic problem of food.

sponlage excinquined in reshaulti ladia

But for redents pests and poor stof-age India-mould be a load surplus coun-try reports a U.N. Development. Program study. Over III, multion tons of food grains are lost each year because of faults storage which is about a fifth of the domestic crop and more than twice the amount of food India had to import in 1874.

in 1914 While the jute sacks or mud contain ers in which Indian farmers traditionally ers in which Indian farmers traditionally store their, crops are much of the problem. In uncontrolled rodent population plays the promary role in lowering Indian prain output.

Many people in India spinisher rate Tholy and Hinduan teachigs that they are to be considered as the distinct mounts of the elephant headed Lord.

Cranesh the Hindu god of prosperity. The strong Hindu belief in the sanctity of animal life has allowed the rat population in India to grow to 2.5 billion to that the "revered rodenta" now out number the human population five to

Agricultural losses from rat infesta exceed \$240 mullion a year yer most rural villagers remain reductant to use rat poison because of their religious

use rat poisson because of their refigious convictions.

Other areas of the I hird World present similar conditions in Arisa-fits five million people could be led from the grain which is instead end sounced by fets located brids beciles mote were 4.24 million square miles of good grazzing land is off limits for with production because it is domigated by the factor. If which "spreads deeping to knew among domestor animals,"

the tacks to which spreads steeping which says among domestic animaly. Food sponlage on the exclusive province of the developing countries either the Department of Agriculture out that the partment of the p disease and weeds In thin C diverse and weeds the from Collaboration parallel perhodusts at the University of Manicola, believes that American Harmers plant over 15 million acres of erop tand a sear in order to support weeds and peats.

A) the moment load development ex perty are working on several ways of stemming the waste of food crops. More effective drying of gradus hermetic scal-ing of targe airtight hins and greater use of plastic bags to keep insects out of the

fixed are an possibilities. Yet the fact that the United States, a technologically advanced country wife, all these means at its disposal shill loves?, a disproportionate amount of its crop to peat is discouraging. This casts a doubt in the possibility that 200 million took. on the possibility that 200 million tind of grain in the underdeveloped world be diverted away from VOCECHOUS pests and into hungry human mouths



PENBUARY 1976



Who says the food is running out?

· What sall this noise about tamine and overpopulation: There have always been famines, right? What's so different

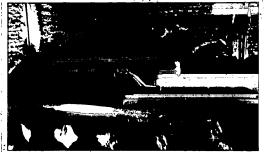
For many of us, the insistent warrings about a coming food criss are a little hard to take. Hardly a week goes by without someone icling us that the world is doomed. Surely it can't be that had can it?

Unfortunately the world is facing an unprecedented crisis. The problem is hideously symple. The earth is small, and there are too many of us. The irresistible mathematics of population growth point to a supreme disaster, probably in this very century. The approaching food population The famous about horsemen prophecy in the book of

Revelation has some scarding things to say about the crisis at the close of the age and its eventual outcome. If you'd like to know more write for the free booklet entitled Familie Can We Survive! There is no obligation, of course

plain	truth	• Pasá	idena, CA	91123
			please enter	Bubacrip





NEW FOODS TO FEED THE FAMISHED?

Can new and exotte floods be mass produced to leed the world's hungry? What about algae "flour from the sea," or synthetic proteins" Many enthousasts have prophesied that man made (loods will ultimately case the food shortage But the facts are far from encouraging. The problems in sych an undertaking are simply enonlyous.

Consider for example the possibility of ultilizing the miscroscopic sea organ.

Consider for example the possibility of utilizing the miscroscopic sea organisms called plantion for food in order to extract enough plankton to equal the nutritional equivient of a pound of beans, a man made plankton gatherer would have to strain the equivalent of fifteen one story houses full of water Even in very rich areas of the ocean like the Culf of Maine or the North Sea, some \$0,000 tons of strained water would vield only to pounds of plantion. The cost of such a processor and the energy to run it appears to rule out such schemes schemes

Flour of the Sea - FPC

Other experiments in new food pro-duction have included the development of Esh Protein Concentrate (FPC), journed as a solution for part of the world's hunger problem. Easteless and odorless FPC looks much like ordinary wheat floor it can be made from just about any kind of see lite. Bah, shell-lish stream bell etc.

has string krill etc.

But even if the fotal world sea catch yould be evenly distributed as FPC it would amount to only an ounce or so per person per day.

, a promiser was

Some people have suggested totally synthetic foods proteins made from synthetic foods proteins made from raw materials readily available

taw materials readily available.
I seed eyest Georg distinguism in qui
optimistic. Despite the explorita over
sarrous new high protein loods now
emerging from laboratorios their impact
on homein notification has been in
significant says brogation.
Even if such "foods" were good to cat,
most are health in the test robbs size.

most are hardly in the test tube stage yet. Many are still being researched. What about production? Distribution?

Education of peoples to use them? Who is going to pay for the research and development?

development?

Some scientists are excited over advances made in synthesizing amino acids, the components of protein. They envision the age when man will produce protein in the laboratory. But such ideas are only dreams today. True, some progress has been made. And even odd, and oil have been successfully converted into "usable", dist and oils. mto "usable" (ats and oils

mto "usable" fats and oils
But there is no evidence at all that
synthetics will significantly contribute to
feeding the world in the nest generation.
In a book edited by Clifford M Hardin, former U.S. Secretary of Agriculture one lood sisence expert observes.
"There are those of course, who put
their faith in nonconventional agriculture in the booking at the changed size. ture, in the biological or chemical synthesis of foods. The time has not set come, flowever, when factories can produce the bulk of basic foods that more than three billion human beings require. We cannot wait for potential miracles while millions of people hunger For mans decades still we must depend on conventional agriculture and its im-provement" (Overcoming World Hunger,

p 93) Indeed micrely to provide food through chemistry for one single year's added population some 80 million would require facilities greatly exceeding the total synthetic organic in dustry of the United States An annual investment of at least filter hillion dollars would be needed in short the cost of supplying any subjected portunity of supplying any subjecting fortunity of supplying any subjecting fortunity of lars would be needed in short the cost of supplying any substantial portion of mankind's diet through synthetic foods from persons wor coal would be incredibly high. To add just a justili pound of synthetics a day to the diets of 5 billion bons of persons would require over 25 million tons of persons would require over 25 million tons of persons and that is that we are still decades away from factory foods of indeed they ever arrive. And the problem is that mankind simply docsair have

lem is that mankind simply doesn't have decades to wait "New foods" provide no significant solution to the world's food-population crass. (2)

Science Rediscovers Sin

by fon Horsweil

If we are to survive the future, we
may have to "reduscover sin." That's the
way economist-futurist Kenneth Boulding put it at last summers convention of
the World Future Society. Although
Hollywood hasn't yet latched on to it as
a mitotion picture title, we seem to be
tiving in the "Day of the Prophet," a
time when gloomy Jeremiahs and
Isaiahs once again roam the earth exposing sins that society has forgotten.

The Modern Prophets

The Modern Prophets
Our latter-day prophets are not feeding on locusts and wild honey, and they are clad in doctorate degrees rather than camel stain and leashern loincloths. Their message is the future will be shaped more by when y than by miraclet of technology. To phrase that more succinctly and old fashionedly. "sin" can undermine even the most optimistic forecast. The implication is that we can only ensure an enjoyable tomorrow by facing some hard decisions today. Twenty, fifteen, or even ten vers and

nty, fifteen, or even ten vents ago twenty, filteen, or even ten years ago we would scarcely have tolerated such spoilers casting rightenin asperations on our golden call of progress. Back then our oracles were of a different caste. The meanage from most every Delphi was crystal clear, somehow an incredible, unstoppable, divine chain reaction of technical and executive. technical and scientific progress had been detonated. No matter where you lived, be it Brooklyn Bombay Beirut, or Bangkok, it was only a matter of time before your neighborhood would be fig-uratively in the subjects of Disneyland It wasn't a question of morality or ethics. It was a simple matter of knowing the right equations and subscribing to the right journals

There was, to be sure one dark cloud

even in those header days the commu-even in those header days the commu-nist menace with the accompanying threat of first atomic and then nuclear war But that dose of pessemiam was different from the prophetic messages we hear today. The Red threat was perwe near today. The Red threat was per-ceived as an evil force against which we in the white hats must stand firm. It didn't take a grophet to point out the sens of someonic cise.

In the 1950s and 60s, "mirkeles" was probably the most utilized word in the prognosticator's voxabulary A typical forecast went something take this one from 1955. "A bright exeiting tuture full of apportunities." You will be bring much better than you do now (ret your

much better than you do now free your mind adjusted to minacles coming fast."

Whether we got our minds adjusted on not, the "minacles did come fast Here just to illustrate air some of the more often made forements of the less 50n and carlly 60s.

Bettern

- · Electric power produced from
- Long-distance telephone direct dial-

 Television transmittal across oceans. · Space travel, probably even to

We felt we were operating on a continuum of one technological miracle af-ter another, and the tuture was sure to be more of the same. If that prognosticabe more of the same if that prognostica-tion philosophy had continued un-changed, we would by now all firmly believe that within the lifetimes of most of us, this old orb would be scarcely distinguishable from even the most imaginative view of heaven. In reality, however, the majority today has abandoned hope of any tech-nologically induced beautify visions this side of death Rather than fortunts sales.

side of death Rather than fantastic tales side of death Nather than fantastic tales of a perpetual fiesta (subered only by the possibility that the communists might rain on our party), we now feel quite sure that we ourselver have over-indulged at our own banquet. We fore-casted headily and then made our own forecasts come true We tasted all brands of progress regular filter king, menthol, and extra long and now we

menthol, and extra long and now we have cancer.

In the vocabulary of today's prophet the key word "miracles" has been replaced by "discontinuity." A typical forecast goes something like this one taken from an existy written by I ester Brown for last summers. World Future

brown for last summer's World Future Society convention. Brown sees ahead "a shift away from historically accel-egating growth, a shift in political power from industrial countries to raw materi from industrial countries to raw materials suppliers, and shifts in emphasis from economic growth in distribution from supply expansion to demand confrom supply expansion to demand conservation, and in international grade, from access to markets to access to supplies." All of this places us, in Brown is pines." All of this places us, in Brown is populous, on "the verge rolf one of the greater discontinuities in human his low," it who ago of minutes in over. The impact that the spectra of discontinuities makes on our thinking in enominous In the 'Os and 'Os, when we expanded then present trends the enter

gent future seemed quite destrable. As a geni water were basically satisfied with our sexictal institutions be they govern mental economic or whatever in the Tos when we expand present trends the future takes on a smister bue. The result is that we question all our established institutions. Such questioning contributes further in the general instability that already seems to comprise too much of the future.

The Approaching Day of Discontinuity

The essence of the discontinuity con-cept as presented by the new prophets in-that our present course of certification has inherent within it a day of reaction ing Unless we "repent" there is coming upon us the great and terrible Day to the Lord in the form of temperature

versions, assorted ecological inega-tim asters, traumatic termination, by, seconomic growth, and violent additional tribution of wealth reconomic growth, tribution of wealth

uribution of wealth

Our modern seen have revived a prophetic tradition that goes back a long way, all the way back, in fact, to the days of leasish, Jeremian hand Ezeksel. "Discontinuity" is an old concept given a new name Jeremian referred togit as follows: "Alas! that day is so great there is none face it, it, in a time of distress for Jacob "(Jer 30.7, RSV)."

Daniel called it "a time off trouble such as never has been tange there was a nation till that time." (Dan. 12.1, RSV).

atom at never has been since there was a nation till that time. "(Dan 12.1, RSV) Jesus Christ prophesied that "there will be great tribulation, such as has not been from the beginning of the world until now no, and never will be" (Matt. 14.21, RSV).

In our modern age, at least until re-cently we neglected the messages of the biblical prophets. We considered their words too ancient or too difficult. But as words too amount or too difficult but as evidenced by the rocent wave of interest in the Bible (and especially in prophecy), we have come to realize that we

trustinized too critically

It is certainly true that we may not know what every passage such as "the

"Repent and turn from all your trans-greezions, lest biquity be your ruin ... gel yourselves a new heart and a new spirit" ... Existic 16:30, 31; RSV

earth shall reel to and fro or "the sun shall be turned into darkness may mean, if indeed they are sulything goor e-than sons doses of piecus locanda [hair the essential message of the agreent of prophets in clear They proclaimed that propiets in clear they proclaimed that man's moral and otheral actions were the keys to his future. They warned men to reduce over the action of the manufacture equilibrium crashing down Andras our modern world in reducence rather than the manufacture of the m is as valid as ever

Confusing Doom With Gloom

Our latter prophets like the formets have been called doomsdayers an appetlation which most of them distike and rightfully so Although their words seem pessimilate, to our miracle accustomed cars their essential message is not one of pessimism but rather one of change not pessiman but rather one of change tool technical change but changes in human character. Instead of seeing the quality of the future being dependent on what is technicologically possible these progness trainers see it as dependent on what is

Unation see it at dependent on what is homoral pleasible. Speaking as the World Future Society convention. Jay Fortester the MIT processor whose refearch in systems dynamics lead the foundation for the famous seal of the foundation for the famous legists to Crowth Study said he feels a major presentation error of the Limits research has been its emphasis on physical limitations (i.e. population, resource supplies etc.) rather than on the social and political constraints that make the necessary changes difficult of not nearth.

Until recently must of our major in illutions have cast a bland eye in this

direction. We have said for examine the segment and technology are neutral homeocies the anomaly neutral homeocies the anomaly neutral segment and the single from Tokyo or Los Angles. Theoretical apparations of nuclear physics of the Angles and the single from Tokyo or Los Angles.

ics doesn't prevent an arms race.
New our othical expectations are changing. The emergence of ecology as a prominent transport of science is signifia promutest transpir of science a signifi-cant, for ecology was beed called the first ethical science. It concerns just hot only, with what can be done but also with what should be done; It estails may only what income no done, it creats not can be about the show but also writers, springs where, in fluence is gradually pertuenting accretification of the SSI in the United States was the first time to Mexican technological history that a project of turn magnitude was haired in advance on en-

magnitude was haited in advance on en-vironmental considerations.

In the fleid-of economics both domes,
In the fleid-of economics both domes,
the and selectorational there is now great
heignation to dogmatically stage that its
distonal extreme can ade
quariely deal with plit heignarial
responsibilities? seening to be some and

quariety deal with all ingemoral responsibilities, presented by povery and extreme digiparties of wealth. Businesses large and small are coming to realize that they can only continue to exast if they respond to demanda from the public that are entirely new in nature. People are coming to demand not true. People are coming to demand not only goods and services from business to be anytomorate to hirse and comments to hirse and comments to hirse and to political content of the environment to hirse and to political content of the content of the environment to hirse and to political content of the environment to hirse and to political content of the environment to hirse and to political content of the conte

Too Little, the Late?

So there has been some change Values have been altered Practices revamped Institutions restrictived Howness pages, change and now dratte, in should be are matters of dispute But

should be are matters of dispute But-one thing a clear. Much myre funda-mental changes will be required if man-kind in to a faid his prophesied forter-dammersing.

In this regard as well, the modern prophets are following in the sandal tracks of the ancients atthough on this theme of changes to human character. tracks of the ancients although on the thene of changes in himma character the ancients were last ahead in both un-deritanding and cloquence of presents ton. As imperative transformation of the himman heart is among the most con-sistently precent and thoroughly devel-oped themes of the Old Testament prophets locit and "Rend your hearts" (Joel 2.13) From Jacket, "Repent and turn from all your transgressions, lest inquisity by your trans. Journ get the turn froar all your transgreasions, lest inquirty be; your run o'hand get your selves a 'me heart south new aprint (fraek 16 10 11 day)? Alsay of the from his city and wrong donaga. "(ler 23 3 RSy) of the modern prophets is set. The future will be shaped more by morality than by mirasless If we fail to establish and act upon adequate more catablish and act upon adequate more will sout be brush 10 for as the new fail south be truth. Or as the new fail south be truth.

will got be bright Or, as the encient prophets evold have put it Surely your state shall find you out

YOU Can Help Liberate the World

liner is a Roman Catholic nun working in the shantstowns surrounding a major city in I hile. She is also a communist, dedicated to the volent over throw of the examing government reads to take up arms, even die in a bloods confrontation if necessary in or-

bloods confrontation if necessary in or-der to certain that inserts. Iner has made a long journey regard-ing their personal horalises. From the tenubly serving Christ who said. Resist not swiff and Tore your cennics bless them that cure you to seeing the goo-pel of Kath Maxx who called the work.

pel of Karl Marx who called the work-ing class to extent revolution. Workers of the world unite you have nothing to lote but your shalos. Inger a noisy one 44 many. In Latin America, particularly revolutionary groups and guernija terrorists such as the infamus Lupianious are tupported by local insymments sent from garroust. the inflamous Topaniaria are supported by lical missionaries send from garoust Protestant denominations in the printed States and Western Europe. And Managor of the Romain Catholic priests and number dipolately in the communiar cause even Distington means being as odda with the official states of their church.

The speciacie of professing Christians forsaking the singless and clearest principles of Christians bankwidence and nonviolence toward all of humanity and taking up as in an some liberations movement contains some tital leasting about the work state of the world and

movement contains some latal leaening about the works state of the world and what can be done to change it.

Samph you for mulph of humany!

Bont campiet it Read Buckey's an American movement describes the spiglior with eight of each camp in contact spiglior and transport of the each of the wide of the eight of the eight

have it for a change, a very radical change. That's why linet and her friends have become Marsuits. A typical pattern emerges. A priest of nun goes into the stums bonestly hoping

A typical patter meneger a prest or nun goes into the slums boneatty hoping to "do comething" for the poor people living there But the squastion us a hope-less meas, and the government is sugally seen as a cruel appressor. Since the con-ventional means of helping the poor seem to be getting nowhere the priest or one in frustration turns to communism. Impatient with the genuinely wretched conditions in which more than two thirds of the world live many religious thirds of the world live many religibles yorkers turn to Maraism because at least it promises the poor a victory in an all-out "class struggle."

all-out class struggle.

True Liberations of the price of

Den't Just Stand There

In the ultimate spiritual yease. Christians are long term activists who advo-cate the radical solution of a hyperactural condition. But there are a number of things you can do now as an individually to promote this divine "change of administration."

Phy. Thy Engelow come God him well will executable make the decision to

Pray Thy kingdom come vious num-self bill eventually make the decision to send flightly back to earth. Requests to him that he to be can have the effect of

him that he to so can have the effect of hastening jeld decision.

Bio sphije out can now for people fust because the rest of the world in intent on making little inserable for itself doesn't mean you have so help it along One could assume the posture of an ambashador of the government of God secting within ones if finited scope to share with others the benefits of that government, Connader the interests of others. In many cases, whatever small

thing you could do would be probably more than their present physical human governments do for them **Forn*/ [Asy the foundation for Christ's return*. The Old Testament states that the world will have to be prepared before the Meastah will come "Behold. I.

fore the Messash will come "Behold, I will send my messenger, and he shall prepare the way before me." (Mal.) 1) "The voice of him that creek in the Lord." (Isa. 40.3).

The biblical prescription for ending the horizon of oppressive government is not to engage in violent revolution—on even write "congress persons." It is to actively work in laving the groundwork for the time "then Christs own power structure will take over That means the preaching of the guipe I of the guipe.

structure will take over that the anather preaching of the gange!

The principle of leverage is involved. Every effort you make tuward furthering the ganged furthers the day when the myriad Eria which recomingly want to solved will the solved he Church of God ja deducated by the garpaise of preparing iffe world for that day. Your support of the church of God and the Work is always to the make the make its above the na

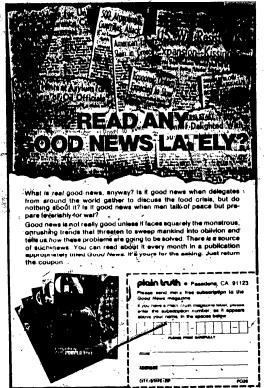
ture of government on this weary plusher all the world's foam-flecked rev tionaries running around espousing "class confiagration" could over do. The revolution which will solve the

"class confingration" could your dn
The revolution "which will solve the
problems of Safan, sin, and human nature, has yet to occur. Mao Tse-tung has
tried in vain to remold man into the
communant image—witness the contintial agony in the Chinese press over
maistratism." The Chinese press over
maistratism." The Chinese press over
maistratism." The Chinese press over
with anything other than an incredibly
still have trouble providing their people
with anything other than an incredibly
dreary, material existence.

Christ, on the other fand, promises
both eternal life and quaterial abundance when his "revolution" comes to
pass. "The phornilla" thail occurs the
time that soweth seed, and the mountains shall drop sweet wine, and all the
hills shall melt" (Kanos 9 1.3).
The description in that of their words

halls shall melt "(Amos V. 13).

The description or that of a world of plenty for all, including Chile's urban poor, whose plight, religious workers, such as loca that observations of the world in coming it is being hastened by the Work of God.





Britain "Brewing Up" · Trouble for EEC

ONDON The Common Markat nations are becoming increasingly riked by the British attitude these days Britain. Beopularly labeled the Sick Man of Europe has been officially at least, a member of the European Economic Community for three years now But in a variety of issues facing the Common Markat in the last lew months Britain has faken what has been considered a petty of art unrealistic fand via eyis the other members of the West European bloc.

Recently for example, the British re-

unrealistic Stand vis 4-yis the other members of the West European ploc.

Recently for example, the British rejected community wide water pollution control measures on the grounds that continental standards were glos stringent. The British are also oppesed to various Common. Market regulations involving taxation and startls and are dragging their feet on the issue of Spirect elections to the European partiament. Her EEC partners see the partiaghent decision a vital step toward a democratic European union.

And to top all this in December Britain and the partiaghent as own at the North South International economic conference.

And to top at this in December Birtain demanded a soul of its own at the North South International economic conference in Paris. The Comming, Market was apposed to be represented by a single objection at that contendors. The invasiance on a separate sept at the North South Glatogue strice German Chanceliof Their mut Schmidt to write a stinging rebuke to Prima Minorist Harden Wilder Prime Minister Harold Wilson

The reason for all of this which many

a communier by the end of the next decade of so. In the end is the spring compromise was reached. The rings including Britain did soeak as one but Britain was partified the privilege of also addressing the conference separately it has bordested — but only within the parameters of the Common Market position. Notworder it is often said that it is Brit an perionger France, that is the reading obtained to European unity these days. It all comes back to Britain a naging domestic problems. I'm absolutely as tounded at what I see when I visit Britain buring the recent hotizity season. I saw

bunded at what I see when I visit Britain, During the recent holidey season. I saw massive traffic jums. Christmas shoppers thronging the streets and people spending affel that were no honorrow. And they are doing so in spite of rising unemployment zooming inflation (over 25% a year) and the continuous side in the value of the pound (now at the lowest obb in the entire history, hovering right in the neighborhood of \$2.00).

problems of the Chrysler subsidiary. The British government has had to guarantee to ball out the Chrysler corporation in British government has had to guarantee to bell out the Chrysler corporation in British simply because of the total inability. It seems, of Chrysler to produce at a profit in British not profit of the pr

a profit in all of the many many years I have THE P

been traveling to Britain — 19 years now since I first visited this country — I have come to know a bit about British work habits. I have seen the problem grow.in-

habits I have seen the problem grow.in-creasingly worse.

We used to comment back in the early 1960s how the British workmen seemed to come to les and, once in a while, took a "work break". That was due to the Brit-ish custom of "Dawling up" (It was quite an experience for other allied soldiers in World War II, in the North African cam-paign, and even in the battle for Europe to see British tank commanders who were rattling along on an attack subitanity out! over and "brow up then rea")

When one sees British workmen taking

over hind "timew by titter tea";
When one sees Bittish workmen taking
their fea break from ten o clock in the
morning until nearly eleven their gain at
two o'clock and perhaps again at four,
he begins to wonder When in the world
is the work eleven to make, by the
area of the world one?

Trees ouservations are made, by the
way completely irrespective of nationalistic or political attitudes. No one has
spoken out more forcefully continuously,
or perhaps bijnight concerning American,
work habity finterior production or national sickress than have I. It would be a
national sickress than have I. It would be a
national sickress than have I. It would be
strained to their cutters were inclined to
disimise very real problems by summarily
assigning me to the ugh American' role
or calling me that colonial who seems
to delight in taking pot shots at the British
applied "but," also betteve that, by the
grace ob/Glod there will always be an
applied "but," but," also betteve the will be
titrough a great deal of tribusation and
attorials suffering brought upon a proud
people by problems created by themselves.

How Real is the Common Market Commitment?

Commitment?

It's no wonder that other Europeans are beginning to, disellion whether the Britten aren't actify stubbornly independent simply to take their minds off their own terrible domestic popiers.

Others claim that it heads here was any chance that first and his testing history of jeatously guarded sovereignty would ever-happily move into a posture of cooperation and harmony with its Common Market associates Britain entered the Common Market with a Conservative Party government in power. Then taler the present Lataus government tool over demanding a renegotation of the

original entry terms and threatening to quit the organization it riginity age them. That renegotiation quickly became a diplomatic charactal either at abouting Williams and Common Market cirilics within his own party.

Leaders in the other eight countries, realizing Wilson's interpal difficulties; realizing Wilson's interpal difficulties; went along, giving wrison mucin needed outside support in return, the continuity from London after the successful referendum. Those hopes persisted despite warnings from Roy Hatterdly, Minister of Stale for foreign and commonwealth, affairs, that the prospects of, European union were very remote and that "it's not the policy of the British government to promote!"

the policy of the British government to promote! "So for these reasons Britain s partners in Europe are feeling a bit bruised and depressed knowing that there are likely to other obstacles throwing by British in coming months and years. For thany many, years Plain Truth has been saying that eventually a "United States of Europa," is "going to emerge The other nations of Europe and most egochically West Germann, want to bring about complete positical unity by Europe These nations of Europe and most promoted by the continuing arms race-personal to bring about complete positical unity to display the continuing arms race-personal to the states and the Sowiet Union (despite destinate) by the shways potentially explosive situation in the Midolik East and by the war right now developing in Angola They are sick and med or glasying the role of mere specification on the world scene university.

"States and the Soviet Union (despite device) by the always pointifully explored elected by the always pointifully explored elected by the war right now developing in Angola. They are sick and lines of playing the role of mere speciators on the world scene unable to greatly influence conditions vital to Europea's own security. Agif yet the have at present no powerful global voice. Many of them went to see a European Common Markell grown into, a United States of Europea more than a continual decision manner and perhaps arbitrating between Many of the power able to act in a decision manner and perhaps arbitrating between East and West.

As I have said recently it is not required that United States of Europe grow out of the context of the Europea grow out of the context of the grow of

You need to see what is happening in eds Western Europa is, the agent of what the Bible predicts will happen Write for our booklet entitled The

Write for our bookiet entitled Ins United Steps and British Commonwealth in Prophety one of the most widely cir-culated of all of the bookiets we have ever produced You can have yours ab-solutionly from or charge by return mak. U.



What's he got that we haven't?"

THE GARNER TED ARMSTRONG BROADCAST

U.S. STATIONS Eastern Time

*AKRON WSLR, 1300 kc, 5 00 a.m.
Mon Sun. 10 30 pm. Mon Sun.
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*GAINESVILLE WARA, 1390 kc., 7 00 am Mon F11
*GAINESVILLE WART, 900 kc., 12 30 pm Mon E11
GREENVILLE WHICT AM & FM
1070 kc & 107 7 mc 6 30 pm Mon 5mt HARMISBURG WHP. 380 kc 7 30 pm daily pm daily pm daily pm Mon Fr. 130 kc 12 30 pm Mon Fr. 12 ACKBOWNLLE, FL. * WGMK, 1090 kc 12 noon daily ACKBOWNLLE, FL. * WLAR, 910 kc, 700 am Mon Fr. * 300mm W MAC, 550 kc, 100 kc. 7 00 am Mon Fr. 4
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a.m. Mon. Fit.

PROVIDENCE / WJAR, 920 kc, 11:30 p m Mon.-Frt RALEIGH - WPTF, 610 kc., 1:15 p m Mon-Sat., 9:30 a m. Sain. RICHMOND - WRVA, 1140 kc., 10:00 NO-MONTO - WRVA, 1140 kc. 10'00 pm daily

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Control Time

*ATOKA KEON-AK, 1110 kc, 12 35 pm Mos First 184, 92.3 mc, 6,00

*ATOKA KTEN-PR, 93.0 kc, 7.00

*ATOKA MENANCA FOR KEON PR, 100

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*COOPETVYLLE KOGF, 940 kc, 7.00

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*ANON P, 1200 Control Time OLANGWAYER REEE, 1430 bc. 12 moon daily HOUSETON . RPEC, 250 bc. 10 30 pm daily consistent for the result of the r

Mountain Time

*ALBUQUERQUE KOR, 770 tc.
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CASPER KTWO, 1030 tc. 6:03 pm
Å 10*03-pm dathy
DENYER KOA, 830 kc. 10:30 p.m
Mon. Sot. 7-00 p.m Sun

*FARMINGTON KRZE, 1280 kc., 6:00 a m Mos. Fri PLAGSTAFF — KCLS, 600 inc., \$2:30 # 200 m Moli. Fri # 200 kc. 12:05 kc. 200 m Moli. Fri # 200 kc. 4:30 m Moli. Fri # 200 kc. 1:30 km Moli. Fri # 200 kc. 12:45 pm Sen * 200 kc. 12 a.m Sun. WHEATLAND - KYCN, 1340 kc, 5:30 p.m., Mon.-Fri.

AGE KYAK, 650 kc., 7:00

ANCHORAGE KYAK, 650 kc., 9:00 pm daily CARBON CITY KKBC-FM, 973 mc., 700 sm. Mon Sat 9:00 pm Sus KGMB, 900 kc., KOB-FM, 91.3 mc., 12 noon Mon-Sat., 9:00 km. Sun Sun EUGEME - KOME, 1050 kc., 7:00 s.m. daily 91.3 mc. 12 soon Mon-Set. 9:00 tm. Sun Budestell - KORE, 1030 kc. 7:00 p.m. Udestell - KORE, 1030 kc. 7:00 p.m. Udestell - KORE, 1030 kc. 9:00 p.m. Udestell - KORE, 1030 kc. 9:00 p.m. Udestell - KORE, 1030 kc. 9:00 p.m. Udestell - KORE, 1030 kc. 1030 pm. Mon Set. 9:00 km Sun Budestell - KORE, 1030 kc. 1030 pm. Mon Set. 1030 kc. 1030 pm. Mon Set. 1030 kc. 1030 kc. 1030 pm. Mon Set. 1030 kc. 1030 kc. 1030 kc. 1030 kg. 1030 kg. 1030 kg. 1030 kc. 1030 kg. 1030 kg. 1030 kg. 1030 kg. 1030 kc. 1030 kg. 1030 k

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AMN OF Sat-11 10 pp. Moor Fri
BEWARD KRAK, 740 kc, 12.30 pm. Moor SatWARD, 450 kc, 12.30 pm. Moor SatVARIA, 450,55 e00 kc, 90 pm. Fri
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CANADIAN STATIONS -Atlantic Time

Attender Times

BASE-VER TE CKNSS, 1340 tc 6 30

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CKNSS, 1000 pm Sun

PRECENTON

\$1000 pm dash

ANNEXES OF CKNSS, 130 tc 6 30

CKCSS, 200 tc 6 30 MARNSTOWN CHOIR, Mod ac 6 30 pm daily MONOCYON CHCW, 1220 kc 9 30 pm daily MONOCYON 100 pm Sun 100 pm Mon 100 pm Mon 100 pm Mon 100 pm Mon 100 pm Sun 100 pm Mon 100 pm Sun 100

Easter-Time BLIND RIVER . CJNR, 730 kc 6 30 p in daily BRANTFORD CKPC, 1300 kc 6 30

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CARROL, 1200 kc 10 30

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THE GARNER TED ARMSTRONG **TELECAST**

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ALPENA, Standard 18, WTEN-TV, 2 30; pm Sun
ALPENA, Channel 11, WSKS-TV, 12, 30; pm Sun
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CANADIAN STATIONS Atlantic Time

ABBOTHS TRING

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1 10 p m Sun

BAMT JOHN Channel 8, CJCH
TY 100 p m Sun

BYDMEY Ghannel 4, CJCP-TY, 1 30
p.m. Sun,